1	IN THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT
2	OF THE STATE OF MONTANA
3	
4	ROBERT FLYNN and CARL MILLER
5	vs. WCC NO. 2000-0222
6	MONTANA STATE FUND
7	and
8	LIBERTY NORTHWEST INSURANCE
9	COMPANY
10	
11	ALEXIS RAUSCH, et al.
12	vs. WCC NO. 9907-8274R1
13	MONTANA STATE FUND
14	and
15	JEREMY RUHD
16	VS.
17	LIBERTY NORTHWEST INSURANCE
18	COMPANY
19	
20	DALE REESOR
21	vs. WCC NO. 2002-0676
22	MONTANA STATE FUND
23	
24	
25	
26	

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 2
      CATHERINE E. SATTERLEE
 3
                                    WCC NO. 2003-0840
           vs.
 4
      LUMBERMAN'S MUTUAL CASUALTY
 5
      COMPANY
 6
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              HONORABLE MIKE MCCARTER, presiding
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                On the 1st day of April, 2005, beginning
15
      at 1:00 p.m., the above-referenced in-person
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17
      conference was held at the Workers' Compensation
      Court, Helena, Montana, before Yvonne Madsen,
18
19
      Registered Professional Reporter, Certified
20
      Shorthand Reporter, Notary Public.
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1	APPE.	ARANCES
2	Honorable Mike McCarter	, Judge
3	Patricia Kessner, Clerk	of Court
4	Jackie Bockman, Deputy	Clerk of Court
5		
6	ATTORNEYS PRESENT:	
7	Leo Ward	Lon Dale
8	Dave Hawkins	Monte Beck
9	Rick Davenport	Steve Roberts
10	Carrie Garber	Mike Heringer
11	Tom Marra	Larry Jones
12	Rex Palmer	Tom Martello
13	Brendon Rohan	Brad Luck
14	Wayne Harper	Tom Harrington
15	Justin Starin	David Sandler
16	Mark Cadwallader	Charlie Adams
17	Tom Murphy	
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1 FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 2005 THE COURT: All right. We have a crowd 2 3 here so we'll probably have to do things a little bit differently. First off, for our court 4 reporter, since we have, I think, 20 attorneys and 5 6 other representatives here, I think what we're 7 going to have to do is whenever you speak, you'll 8 have to identify yourselves. 9 And let's start it out just by going 10 around the room and having everybody identify themselves initially. We'll start with Tom. 11 12 MR. MURPHY: My name is Tom Murphy. I'm 13 here on the Reesor and Satterlee cases. 14 MR. DALE: My name is Lon Dale. Our 15 office represents Mr. Rausch in the Rausch, Fisch, 16 Ross cases. 17 MS. GARBER: I'm Carrie Garber with 18 Liberty Northwest/Liberty Mutual. 19 MR. JONES: Larry Jones, Liberty Northwest. 20 21 MR. PALMER: Rex Palmer representing 22 Flynn and Miller. 23 MR. HARRINGTON: Tom Harrington for the 24 Montana State Fund. 25 MR. LUCK: Brad Luck for the State Fund. 26

1 MR. MARTELLO: Tom Martello, State Fund. MR. CADWALLADER: Mark Cadwallader from 2 3 the Department of Labor & Industry. MR. ROBERTS: Steve Roberts, I represent 4 Tom Frost, and I represent Tom Frost on the Rausch 5 6 and the Ruhd cases. 7 MR. BECK: Monte Beck on Rausch and Ruhd. MR. ROHAN: Brendon Rohan, I'm here with 8 9 Bankers Standard. 10 MR. MARRA: Tom Marra, Saint Paul Travelers, Travelers and Target. 11 MR. HERINGER: Mike Heringer in Rausch, 12 for K-Mart and Conoco Phillips, and Satterlee for 13 14 Lumberman's Mutual. 15 MR. STARIN: Justin Starin for Hiett. 16 MR. SANDLER: David Sandler for various self-insureds. 17 MR. DAVENPORT: Rick Davenport, one of 18 those various self-insureds. 19 20 MR. ADAMS: Charlie Adams here for 21 entertainment. 22 MR. WARD: Leo Ward because I love the 23 law. MR. HARPER: Wayne Harper for 24 25 Northwestern Energy. 26

1 THE COURT: Okay. The reason I called 2 you together today is because there were a lot of 3 issues that were coming up in these common fund 4 cases and we're proceeding down the road with regard to some of them and others we're sort of in 5 6 a holding pattern, specifically in Stavenjord and 7 Schmill, those are still sitting up at the Supreme Court; some of the cases, we're sort of starting 8 9 down the road, that are in their infancies, such 10 as the Satterlee case. Others are further along, like basically the Rausch and the Ruhd case. 11 But a lot of things were happening and a 12 lot of questions were occurring to me, and I 13 thought it would be a good idea to sit down with 14 15 everybody who is involved in these cases and sort 16 of strategize a little bit, find out what's going on and figure out where we're going, because what 17 we do in these cases, especially the Rausch and 18 19 the Ruhd case and also in the Flynn case, will probably set more or less of a paradigm for how we 20 21 handle the other cases, 7 5. 22 Although, you know, once we set on a 23 particular course, that doesn't mean it can't change and it doesn't mean that we can't make 24 25 adjustments, but it will at least provide the

6

1 starting point and the starting paradigm.

I've given everybody an agenda. And 2 3 these -- the agenda probably isn't as well 4 organized as it could be or should be. It basically got created organically as questions 5 6 came up, and we basically threw them on this list 7 of questions or list of topics to cover today. So 8 there's no significance in the way the issues are 9 listed and there's no significance in the way the 10 issues are phrased. 11 And also, I would invite anybody who 12 wants to add anything to this to do so as we go along. Our only restraint here today is our 13 numbers. Usually when I sit down in these cases, 14 15 we sit down around the table and there's a half a 16 dozen of us, sometimes there may be as many as ten 17 of us, and we get going and it works out pretty well. This will have to be a little bit more 18 19 structured because of our numbers, and I apologize for that. 20 21 Does anybody want to raise anything before I start down this list of stuff and just 22 23 start plowing in? Okay. Let's plow. The first issue that arose is an issue 24 that I think got my attention because of Dave 25 26

Sandler who got left out of a telephone conference
 that we should have probably given him notice of,
 and at least given him an opportunity to get
 involved in.

We're using telephone conferences often 5 6 just to talk about little procedural things, 7 little things that come up. Generally, we're not deciding major issues and they're not resulting in 8 9 formal decisions and usually they result in 10 proceeding by agreement, everybody gets together 11 and basically agrees over the telephone as to what 12 we're doing, but there may be an interest in the telephone conferences by other people. And the 13 question is, who should I involve in the 14 15 conferences, who should I notify? And if we have 16 too many, what do we do in that particular case? 17 And one of the particular problems we 18 have is in some of these, the issues may involve, 19 for example, a single insurer. For example, in Rausch and Ruhd, we've asked each insurer to reply 20 21 and identify the claimants that are benefited in 22 their particular cases. And we might have a 23 particular problem with a particular insurer in the case regarding procedures or whatever. And 24 the question is, is who do we give notice to if 25

the issue involves a particular insurer? In some cases, it may be an issue that might be common to others, other people might raise the issue. So in those cases, we probably want to give notice to everybody.

I think right now, Jackie, we're pretty much giving notice to pretty much everybody? The conferences, we're setting them up, but then we're giving notice and an opportunity for anyone who wants to to participate, is that --

MS. BOCKMAN: Right, right. That's how we've been doing it.

THE COURT: Okay. So in the Rausch and 13 the Ruhd case, are we giving notice just to the 14 15 Rausch attorneys or to everybody to let them know? 16 MS. BOCKMAN: Well, actually, the last ones you've talked with Clair about setting those 17 18 up and so I'm not positive. I thought that she 19 was, you know, letting everybody globally know, let all the attorneys know. 20

21 THE COURT: I think we've been letting22 everybody globally know by e-mail.

23 MS. BOCKMAN: Right.

24THE COURT: And try to do that. One of25the problems we have is it's almost going to be

1 impossible to try to globally contact everybody and say, you know, What times are you available to 2 3 talk about this, because there's just too many people to do that. So I think what I've been 4 doing in those cases is the principals that are 5 6 involved in the particular question or the 7 particular discussion, I've been getting times 8 from them and them notifying everybody else. 9 And I guess the question I pose to 10 everybody is the practice, the way that we're doing it at present, is that satisfactory? Do you 11 have some suggestions on how we do this? 12 13 Is anybody unhappy with our trying to 14 figure out who the principals are in the 15 discussion, arranging the conference with them and 16 then notifying everybody else, and if you want to 17 participate you can? Is everybody happy with that? Is there a better arrangement? 18 19 David, do you have any thoughts? 20 MR. SANDLER: No, I think the e-mail is 21 working fine now. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Is everybody happy 23 with the e-mail? 24 MR. PALMER: Uh-huh. 25 THE COURT: Okay. We'll talk about that 26

1 in a minute.

2	Okay. So that's the way we're going
3	to we'll procedure. If it's an issue, for
4	example, involving Liberty and Larry and the
5	Rausch/Ruhd attorneys, we'll get ahold of them,
6	we'll set up the conference, but we'll let
7	everybody know. And we'll just let everybody know
8	who is involved in the common fund cases, and
9	we'll try to give you the topic about what we're
10	going to talk about.
11	So I suppose it will be important when we
12	set up these telephone conferences that we know
13	what the topics are, and generally we do.
14	Sometimes we just won't take any open-ended
15	requests, we'll have to make sure we know what the
16	topics are so everybody is informed.
17	Any thoughts, if we have too many people
18	what we do? I think we have the capability to
19	conference six parties in?
20	MS. BOCKMAN: I believe seven.
21	THE COURT: Seven? Seven parties in. If
22	we get beyond seven, what do we do?
23	MR. ROBERTS: AT&T.
24	THE COURT: Steve Roberts.
25	MR. ROBERTS: Yeah, I think AT&T can
26	

patch in as many people as you want, as necessary. 1 THE COURT: 2 Okay. 3 Okay. My next agenda item is court 4 reporters. We have not been using court reporters on the telephone conferences. My feeling is for 5 6 the most part, it's not necessary. I haven't 7 gotten any complaints about the minute entries. 8 But the minute entries I've been doing, I've 9 attempted to make pretty thorough. 10 And there's several possibilities. We 11 can either not use courts reporters, we can use 12 court reporters if anyone specifically requests it, or we can use court reporters at all times on 13 14 the telephone conferences. Thoughts? 15 MR. LUCK: How many entries have been 16 flagged? 17 THE COURT: Does anybody think we ought 18 to use court reporters in every instance? Is 19 everybody happy? I mean, you can always request a court reporter. Is that satisfactory? 20 21 Okay. 22 MR. MURPHY: I was going to say that you 23 could have tape backup to your minute entries, if 24 you want it. 25 THE COURT: We'd have to have a taping 26

1

system, though, to do that.

2 MR. MURPHY: Yeah. 3 THE COURT: You know, if somebody wants 4 to tape them, if one of the attorneys wants to tape it, I don't have any objection to that unless 5 6 the attorneys do. 7 Okay. We'll -- I'll just leave that If anybody wants to tape them, just let us 8 open. 9 know that you want to tape them, and I'm sure 10 everybody will agree to do that. I don't have a problem with it. 11 MR. MARTELLO: Judge -- this is Tom 12 Martello -- I think if you're going to record it, 13 a court reporter. If the person wants to record 14 15 it, they ought to retain a court reporter to do 16 it. Otherwise, let's just do it the way we're 17 doing it because I think you run into problems 18 when you start doing things like tape recording telephone calls, which, granted, you have to have 19 consent of all the parties. And I just think it 20 21 runs into problems with, you know, the equipment 22 and having it transcribed in some form. I think 23 if somebody wants to have a court reporter, then it ought to be up to them to retain someone. 24 25

THE COURT: Or the Court.

1	MR. MURPHY: Well, it's a public hearing.
2	They can tape-record it. I don't see any reason
3	why any one of the parties can't tape-record it if
4	they want to at any time.
5	THE COURT: Well, other than the fact
6	that you have those other statutes that say you
7	can't. I think we need to know if you're
8	recording.
9	MR. MURPHY: Yeah, you have to know.
10	THE COURT: Yeah. Well, I'll tell you
11	what, if you want to record it, just let us know
12	that you want to do that and we can talk about it.
13	And if there's a huge problem or something, we can
14	get a court reporter.
15	Okay. Our next problem some of these
16	are administrative problems, and they're
17	administrative problems that we've been debating
18	what to do about. One of the questions that has
19	arisen is with respect to service and,
20	particularly, we were getting back information
21	from individual insurers that have been
22	identified, and that information we've been
23	sharing universally with the petitioners'
24	attorneys in Rausch and Ruhd under a
25	confidentiality agreement and a confidentiality
26	

order which, by the way, I think that was going to 1 2 be amended, wasn't it? Did that get taken care 3 of, Lon? 4 MR. DALE: Larry. MR. JONES: We'll need to talk to the 5 6 Judge. We're just about there. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Do you need my intervention, or are you --8 9 MR. DALE: Have you responded to our --10 what Steve and Monte discussed, or are you going to think about that? 11 MR. JONES: We just discussed it, but we 12 can resolve it today. 13 14 THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to save 15 that to the end? 16 MR. JONES: If we could, please. 17 THE COURT: Okay. I just have to make a 18 note. 19 At some point, we probably need to come up with a confidentiality agreement that's pretty 20 21 much uniform. I think we're just about there, in any event. And maybe this one, we can spring off 22 23 of. In any event, in the Rausch and Ruhd 24 25 cases, what we've gotten back is we've gotten back 26

1 some formal responses from attorneys, including,

2 in a couple of cases, objections. And, Wayne, I'm
3 going to want to talk to you about yours in a bit,
4 not right now.

In other cases, the insurers have just 5 6 furnished the claimant information, which gives us a problem as far as filing because we don't want 7 8 to put the claimant information in the regular 9 court file that's available for the public. And 10 if we did, we'd have to seal that information, and so we'd have a file that's full of sealed 11 12 information, full of manila envelopes that are 13 sealed.

14 So what we've done is we have set up 15 separate files for each of the insurers to put in 16 the responses that contain claimant information, to put in copies of settlement agreements that are 17 18 provided with respect to individual claimants and 19 that sort of thing. And those files are being maintained separately, they're being maintained 20 21 outside of the main file.

And with respect to the claimant documents, what we've been doing in the Rausch and the Ruhd case is we are scanning everything. Actually, we're scanning -- we're scanning

everything that comes in in the Rausch and Ruhd cases. And we're making CDs of the claimant information and anything else, and we send that to the petitioners' attorneys, so Lon and Monte and Steve are getting that on a CD subject to the confidentiality agreement.

7 And we have not -- we have been sending -- what we've been doing is we're posting 8 9 all of the public responses on the Internet, on 10 the web site. And those responses are available 11 by clicking on the title of the document and you 12 can view them. And I've tried to let everybody know that they're up there so that they can see 13 14 them, so that if Liberty wants to see what 15 Travelers' response is or what Wayne's response is 16 on behalf of NorthWestern Energy, that you can go 17 up there and see those responses. But I have not 18 been disseminating those responses either by 19 copying them or sending out CDs.

Or do we send out -- we did send out -we sent a CD out with the nonconfidential information at one point. I think we did at one point to the attorneys in Rausch and Ruhd, but I don't think we're continuing to do that. I think we're just putting them up on the web.

1 In any event, does everybody have access to the web site and are aware that we're posting 2 3 the public stuff up there? Does anybody not know that? Is everybody happy with the way we're doing 4 it? What we're doing is we're eliminating sending 5 6 out a lot of paper. 7 David MR. HAWKINS: I'm very happy with it, 8 9 Judge. 10 THE COURT: Oh, okay. I like happy responses, too. 11 The posting on the web site is something 12 I think we're moving to, anyway, by way of 13 e-filing. We had an e-filing committee meeting. 14 15 Tom was here and some the rest of you were here 16 for that committee meeting. And we're moving in 17 that direction to eventually everything will be transmitted by computer and by e-mail and over the 18 19 web, and everything will be available over the web to everybody in every case. That's our eventual 20 21 goal, except for confidential information, we have 22 to work through those problems. We're going to 23 continue to have to address those problems. But if everybody is happy with the way 24 we're doing it, we'll just continue to do it. 25 26

1 Okay.

2 Okay. Hearing no nay sayers, we'll just3 do it.

4	Okay. Another sort of a housekeeping
5	matter for us is when do we docket? And the
6	question is really arising because of our
7	increased use of e-mail. And I think I've given
8	you an e-mail log in a case called Montana State
9	Fund vs. Liberty Northwest. Did everybody get a
10	copy of that in your package?
11	And I've given this to you because it's
12	going to illustrate to you what our problems are
13	as far as discerning what we file and what we
14	don't file. And we've been debating this
15	internally and we haven't come up with a final,
16	absolute solution at this point.
17	Sometimes I get e-mails which come to me
18	where the attorneys are simply sending me e-copies
19	of their briefs, proposed findings, pretrial
20	orders and stuff like that. In the past, I
21	haven't kept that correspondence, or if I've sent
22	out a request for that sort of thing, I haven't
23	kept that sort of thing. The only thing I'm doing
24	now with my own computer is I'm archiving all of
25	my e-mail messages, including my private e-mail

messages, in case any question ever comes up. And I think I queried attorneys before as to whether or not I should keep that stuff, and the answer to that was no. But the problem is, is sometimes we get into a little bit, a little bit deeper than just cover stuff, and this "Laundry" case illustrates that.

8 What happened in Laundry is, I had a 9 telephone conference with counsel and it was about 10 further briefing. And we basically agreed that further briefing was necessary. And then we came 11 12 back and discovered that the further briefing would go beyond the trial date that we had 13 14 scheduled in the case. So the question came up as 15 to whether or not we vacate that trial date. And 16 we started e-mailing back and forth on that and on 17 the condition that there were some provisos as to 18 whether or not it should be continued. And so 19 there was a whole series of e-mail correspondence which took place over, oh, I think about two or 20 21 three days, and the ultimate agreement was to 22 vacate the trial. And we were trying to figure 23 out what to do with that.

And initially what we had decided to do was that stuff didn't belong in the court file and

1 it didn't belong in the docket, but we thought 2 maybe we ought to keep it. So we started 3 keeping -- we generated what we called logs for 4 each case where we could log stuff in to keep 5 track of it, and we could keep copies of the 6 e-mail correspondence. And what you've got in 7 this "Laundry" case is what we did.

8 Then as we were doing that and realizing 9 that this could become fairly extensive and really 10 not have too much information, one of the questions that arose was we almost have a parallel 11 12 docketing system going on. We have our regular case management system that we have, and then we 13 have a separate log system that is going on. 14 And 15 that logging system is going on in Word Perfect so 16 that we discussed the possibility of merging the 17 log into the case management system. And then we 18 came back and started wondering again what should 19 be filed and what should not be filed, what should we keep and what should we not keep. And that's 20 21 the question that I pose to all of you. Does 22 anybody have any feelings on that?

23 MR. CADWALLADER: Mark Cadwallader. I
24 have a question. What becomes part of the record
25 on appeal, Your Honor?

1 THE COURT: Well, one of the things that we were going to do is, basically when we came up 2 3 with this log idea, what we were going to do is at the end of the case, if there was an appeal would 4 basically be to generate the complete log and make 5 6 it part of the docket so it was available on 7 appeal. That was one of the possibilities that we considered. So that the first question is whether 8 9 or not we keep all of these e-mails that are going 10 back and forth, more or less on an informal basis and probably -- I mean, basically the stuff that, 11 12 I mean, that gets informally taken care of and disposed of, we don't really even have an official 13 record of it unless we just have a minute entry. 14 15 Do we keep that sort of stuff? That's the first 16 question. And if we keep that sort of stuff, what do we do with it and how do we keep it? So 17 there's sort of two issues there. 18 19 MR. MARTELLO: Judge, this is Tom Martello. I think if the parties agree whether 20 21 it's a procedural or substantive matter would 22 determine whether it should be kept, because then 23 it, I think, becomes part of the record. Really, you're making some sort of substantive 24 25 determination as to how the thing is going to

1 proceed. But if you're just doing some housekeeping matters and trying to decide some 2 procedural things, it would just seem like that 3 4 would just clutter up the record in keeping all of that. 5 6 THE COURT: It's definitely going to --7 because e-mail is so easy and it's so easy to retain, it's definitely going to expand what we 8 9 do. There's no question about that. 10 Somebody must have some other -- some other people must have some feelings about this. 11 12 MR. MURPHY: I wanted to ask you. I have not looked through a record on appeal, but for 13 things like carrying letters from counsel, 14 15 irrelevant, superfluous stuff, everybody agrees 16 should be part of the record that's transmitted up 17 to the court, but is it? I don't even know if it 18 is. 19 THE COURT: If it gets puts in the file, it does. If it gets docketed and put in the file, 20 21 it does. 22 MR. MURPHY: So we send a letter, Dear 23 Judge, here's this pleading. What happens to that 24 letter? 25 THE COURT: Well, that letter isn't going 26

to be docketed separately. It's going to be 1 attached to the pleading. And I've sort of dealt 2 3 with this a little bit with the e-filing, and the 4 question is, what are other courts doing with it? And what the federal courts are doing, at 5 6 least, I think, what the federal district court 7 here in Montana is going to do is, if the letter comes, it will be attached and it will be part of 8 9 the document. So if it's a letter of enclosure, 10 it gets attached to the documents and it doesn't get a second document number. And, basically, 11 they're not going to accept letters --12 13 MR. MURPHY: Right. 14 THE COURT: -- outside of that. And the 15 problem with doing that with our system is guite 16 often we use letters and correspondence in lieu of 17 formal motions, and we use minute entries sometimes to record a formal action rather than 18 19 issuing a formal order of the action that was taken, and the determination that was given orally 20 21 is just recorded in the minute entry. So we do 22 things a little bit more informally. 23 But, I mean, if it gets put in the file, it goes up to the Supreme Court, and most stuff 24 25 gets put in the file. One of the problems we've 26

1	got is, for example, we're circulating proposed
2	summonses in some of these cases. Like Reesor and
3	Satterlee, we've been circulating a proposed
4	summons in that case.
5	Generally what happens in that, the
6	proposed summons goes into our court file loosely.
7	And my expectation is, is when we complete that
8	process, we'll probably have an agreed-upon
9	summons, everyone will have agreed to it. And if
10	we don't and I have to make a formal ruling on
11	something, then I'll make a formal ruling on it.
12	But in the meantime, we have a lot of
13	e-mail exchanges back and forth about particular
14	provisions and things like that, so the question
15	becomes because those ordinarily would have
16	been put in the file, I think, probably loosely
17	and not necessarily been a part of the record,
18	although I can't say for sure. Is Pat around?
19	MS. BOCKMAN: She's out front.
20	THE COURT: She takes care of that. But
21	my suspicion would be that that sort of stuff, the
22	e-mail sort of stuff doesn't get put into the
23	file, it goes up to the Supreme Court.
24	But that's my dilemma. I mean, I have no
25	objection to keeping it, it sort of becomes an
26	

administrative nightmare. And the question is, is 1 2 it necessary, do we want to keep it? If we want 3 to keep it, are there guidelines for culling out purely extraneous stuff? See, e-mail really helps 4 a lot, but it also complicates our lives. 5 6 Pat --7 MS. KESSNER: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: Stuff like e-mails that gets 8 9 thrown in our court files, and oftentimes it 10 will -- sometimes I ask that it be docketed because it has substantive stuff and I'll just 11 say, "Put this in and file it." But the stuff 12 that isn't docketed, the loose stuff where we're 13 just exchanging stuff, when an appeal is taken, 14 15 does that get put in the file and sent up to the 16 Supreme Court, or are we taking that out? 17 MS. KESSNER: Nothing that has been 18 e-mailed so far has been in a court file that has 19 been sent up to the Supreme Court. That all gets removed and put in our dummy file. But we started 20 21 this process since I have had an appeal to the 22 Supreme Court, so nothing has gone up to the 23 Supreme Court that has been in a file like that. No e-mails or anything have ever been included to 24 25 a Supreme Court -- to the Supreme Court from our

1 court as of this date.

2	THE COURT: Except there are some e-mails
3	that I've said to put in the file because they're
4	sort of more of something substantive or something
5	that I wanted to reflect, those don't get taken
6	out, do they?
7	MS. KESSNER: No.
8	THE COURT: And if they're ACCO-fastened
9	into the file
10	MS. KESSNER: They remain.
11	THE COURT: they remain. It's just
12	the loose stuff that's not getting
13	MS. KESSNER: The loose stuff does not
14	get sent to the Supreme Court.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	MS. KESSNER: But all the e-mails that we
17	are now getting from counsel and we pass back and
18	forth for whatever reason, those are all now
19	being docketed, so they will be included if
20	there's something substantive in there.
21	MR. MURPHY: Couldn't you docket them
22	under one heading "Various superfluous e-mails"?
23	I mean, could they be like, for instance, all
24	the ones from Mr. Luck over there, things like
25	that.

MS. KESSNER: He always just says "Good morning."

3 MR. MURPHY: I'm sorry. A little joke4 there.

5 MS. KESSNER: I know. Tom, we would have 6 to talk to our IT people over at the department on 7 that because my understanding is they're going to 8 be -- Amber is going to be setting up a log or a 9 memo section in our Oracle system, isn't she,

11 THE COURT: Yeah, that's what we talked 12 about. One of the things we were talking about is setting up just sort of a memo section where we 13 can record certain things that are going on in the 14 15 case and reflect, you know, minor things like 16 setting up for court reporters, for example, that would be a simple one that we do on a regular 17 basis but also some other things. The problem is 18 is, those memo fields are limited and we couldn't 19 put the e-mail filings in it. 20

21 Another option that we've thought about 22 is distinguishing between documents that are part 23 of the official court record, file documents which 24 would be the orders, the pleadings and things like 25 that as opposed to lodged documents, documents

26

10

Judge?

1 that aren't formal, documents just to distinguish so that we could generate a second docket sheet 2 3 that would have the official documents versus the nonofficial documents, so to speak, and still go 4 ahead and throw the nonofficial, the lodged 5 6 documents into a file. That would be another 7 option that we would have, and we could do our e-mails that way. 8

9 And then, of course, the last one was to 10 create this log and then we would have that kind 11 of thing that you talked about, Tom, which would 12 be one place to put all the e-mails that just go in that one particular thing. I don't know 13 whether we could do that. We might be able to do 14 15 that in the case management system so that we 16 actually had an e-mail section and just kept it 17 sequentially. That might be a possibility.

Help me here. I need input on this, I
really do. I'm struggling with it. And I think
all of us are struggling with it and talking about
it.

23 MR. BECK: Look, it seems pretty simple 24 to me. If it's worthy of having that issue be in 25 front of the Court, then make it a proper

Monte.

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pleading. E-mails are -- you know, I think you're 1 2 just creating a whole bunch of problems. I agree 3 with what Tom had to say, if it's worth something, 4 then make it a pleading so that it's there in the file. I wouldn't take a chance that, with all due 5 6 respect to Pat and your office, I'm not going to 7 chance that there's an e-mail that's going to go up that I think is important for the Court to 8 9 review. And I don't think the Court is going to 10 look at it, anyway. 11 THE COURT: Yeah. I don't see these 12 e-mails as generating stuff that's going to be reviewable, to be honest with you. 13 14 MR. BECK: So why bother with it. If it's important enough, make it a pleading or --15 16 and I don't like e-mails, anyway. I mean, I think it's very efficient and all that, but I don't 17 18 trust it, and it should be in letter form. If I 19 want something in my file, we don't necessarily print every e-mail in my office. And I don't 20 21 know, I just -- I guess I'm G31 3. 22 , but I prefer it to be on a piece of 23 paper. And I think if it's important enough, put it on a pleading. 24 25 THE COURT: Or we could put it in a 26

1 minute entry, too.

2 MR. BECK: Or a minute entry, that's a 3 good record.

THE COURT: Well, maybe I can ask this 4 question: Does anybody think the e-mails are 5 6 important enough that we should keep all of them 7 as a matter of routine or even attempt to separate out what we think is important or not important, 8 9 or shall we just rely that if there's something 10 that comes up that is important enough that we need a record of it, that somebody -- it will 11 12 either be in a minute entry or somebody is going to write a formal motion or something along that 13 14 line?

15 MR. LUCK: The important thing, I think, 16 Judge, is that people understand. It would be a lot easier if you did just the opposite of what 17 18 you're talking about. I agree with Monte, that, 19 you know, you have the communications, that's fine, but have everybody understand that if they 20 21 want it to be part of the record, it's either got 22 to be in a minute entry or something that is 23 submitted to the Court formally. Then we'll know that e-mails aren't part of the record and what 24 25 is, there won't be any discretion about it, it

1 will just be something that's in a minute entry or a formal pleading or filing. Otherwise, you get 2 3 paranoid about what's part of the record. I don't 4 think that things that are informally part of the record that the Court, the Supreme Court is ever 5 6 going to take a look at. 7 THE COURT: And shouldn't have to. 8 Does everybody agree with that? I mean, 9 it sort of makes sense and it eliminates our 10 problem of trying to distinguish between what's just totally superfluous or partially superfluous. 11 MR. MURPHY: It's counsel obligation to 12 make sure it's in your record. 13 14 THE COURT: Okay. All right. We 15 probably ought to send out some notice to the 16 whole Bar and let them know that that's the way we're going to handle it. If they want anything 17 reflected in an e-mail to be part of the record, 18 19 they need to let us know by some fashion in writing. 20 21 Anybody object to that? 22 You had mentioned paranoia, that's 23 probably what my problem is, is paranoia, worrying about somebody asking, raising questions about 24 25 what's going on sort of outside this official 26

1 context without court reporters.

2 MR. LUCK: And that's why I think the 3 more simple the rule, the better off you are. THE COURT: Okay. All right. We'll 4 draft something up and make sure that we send it 5 6 out so everybody is on the same page. 7 And also, one of my concerns was the smart ass comments that I get back from Brad. 8 9 MR. LUCK: That's exactly what I was thinking about. 10 11 MR. MURPHY: He wants them out of the 12 record. MR. LUCK: My heart was starting to 13 thump. And I need to tell you, I save everything 14 15 that Pat sends me, too, so I have quite a folder 16 on her. 17 MS. KESSNER: You do not. THE COURT: You know, actually, I don't 18 19 worry about things like that. I figure if somebody reading this doesn't have a little bit of 20 21 a sense of humor, it's their problem. 22 Okay. Well, that's solves that issue. 23 This meeting has been worth it just to solve that 24 issue. 25 Okay. The next item -- I'm down to "G" 26

1 already, was handling of requests by petitioners' attorneys for the Court for further information 2 3 from insurers who are not represented by counsel. 4 In the Rausch and Ruhd case, in many cases, the insurers are not represented by 5 6 attorneys, rather they've responded to the 7 summons, taken it to heart and simply supplied the 8 information that we requested with respect to 9 claimants. But those responses and that 10 information is going to give rise, I'm sure, to requests for additional information. And my 11 12 thought on this is, we just go ahead and go through the claims adjusters who -- and that's who 13 they are in most cases, is claims adjusters -- is 14 15 go ahead and ask them for further information. 16 Is there any reason that that presents a 17 problem? Does anybody think it presents a 18 problem? 19 MR. MURPHY: I think they should be formally designated as the corporate 20 21 representative for purposes of discovery. If 22 they're going to be representing information for 23 the corporation, they should be the designate. THE COURT: The problem with that is the 24 rule basically prohibiting nonattorneys from 25 26

1 appearing in court proceedings.

2	MR. MURPHY: If they're the designate,
3	they can appear, I would argue.
4	THE COURT: Well, I think the latest word
5	from the Supreme Court is they can't.
6	MR. MURPHY: Well, then how can they
7	appear informally?
8	THE COURT: Well, they're basically
9	providing information to the Court, but I'm not
10	sure I could treat them as formal representatives
11	akin to being attorneys. I think we can ask them
12	for further information, but I think if we run
13	into a roadblock as far as that information, we're
14	probably going to have to use some formal court
15	process. But to be honest with you, I expect I
16	mean, it appears to me that we're going to get
17	cooperation, so we probably don't have to worry
18	about it.
19	MR. MURPHY: But if they don't have some
20	capacity, they're not held to the information that
21	they're providing. I mean
22	THE COURT: They're not subject to
23	Rule 11 sanctions.
24	MR. MURPHY: They're not subject to any
25	kind.
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1 THE COURT: That's probably true. I guess the question would be is, what do we do? 2 3 Particularly, as I said, in most cases we're going 4 to get cooperation and the information we get is going to be good information, I suppose. 5 6 I wonder if it wouldn't be incumbent upon 7 petitioners' attorneys, if they're dissatisfied with it, with them proceeding in some fashion 8 9 either by deposition or something like that, if we 10 had a problem, if you were really worried about it. 11 MR. MURPHY: Yeah, if you're worried 12 about it, you could serve discovery requests or 13 14 something. 15 THE COURT: Yeah, because the alternative 16 would be to require all these insurers to appear through attorneys, and I'm not sure that's a good 17 18 process because in many cases just coughing up the 19 information and they're done with it, going out and hiring an attorney and getting more attorneys 20 21 involved, is, I think, going to just complicate 22 things. 23 MR. MURPHY: From a petitioner's 24 perspective, you want to be able to rely on the 25 information provided and you want to have sanction 26
1 power to go after that person if they've misled

2 you.

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3 THE COURT: Yeah, but do you think that's 4 a big risk? 5 MR. MURPHY: No, not in Montana. But if 6 it happens, it would be a bad thing. 7 THE COURT: Yeah. MR. CADWALLADER: Judge --8 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 MR. CADWALLADER: -- Mark Cadwallader. To the extent that the Court is ordering an 11 insurer to provide information, I would think that 12 the Court's power to hold an insurer in contempt, 13 14 just as any individual, may address that concern. 15 That if the question is, if information is 16 provided and it turns out to be substantially 17 inaccurate, I think the Court could address it 18 that way, a show cause hearing as to why not to be 19 held in contempt for not complying fully with the 20 Court's order. 21 THE COURT: Because they're, in essence, 22 responding to a court order, so there may be 23 something to that. I quess the way I'd rather approach it is 24 to assume that they're going to be cooperating in 25

good faith. But if we have evidence that that's 1 2 not true, then confront it then. 3 Do you think that's okay, Tom? 4 MR. MURPHY: Yeah. As you say, I don't see it as a big problem in Montana, but you'd want 5 6 to have some resource if it became a problem. THE COURT: Well, if it becomes a 7 problem, we'll deal with it. You know, we won't 8 9 sweep it under the rug, that's for sure. 10 Any other thoughts out there? Some of you are being really quiet. 11 Okay. All right. Now, we get to some 12 more substantive stuff, legal issues remaining in 13 14 Rausch and Ruhd. 15 Wayne, you filed a response for 16 NorthWestern Energy. Let's see if I have it here. 17 You raised some defenses. And Todd and David 18 raised some defenses that I rejected that are 19 fairly similar to the ones that you raised for NorthWestern Energy, and I would expect that I 20 21 will probably deal with those in the same fashion, 22 yours in the same fashion as theirs. 23 And one of the questions I had is -- are you aware of what I did with those objections, 24 25 Wayne? 26

1 MR. HARPER: I seldom read anything 2 that --3 THE COURT: You must have because yours 4 was so close to theirs. MR. HARPER: I probably plagiarized them 5 6 some way, but --7 THE COURT: It had to do with no class and --8 9 MR. HARPER: I don't think we said you 10 had no class, I think we said it wasn't a class action. 11 THE COURT: Right. There were some 12 others. In any event, to the extent that I 13 projected those in the filings that Todd Hammer 14 15 and David Sandler filed, I would expect to do the 16 same thing in your case. 17 There was another issue in your case and 18 I'll get to that in a minute, but the question is, 19 and I suppose I ought to throw that to you and also to David, who is here, is whether or not 20 21 those issues are going to be appealed. If they're going to be appealed, then we need to figure out 22 23 some sort of process to do that. MR. SANDLER: I mean, we don't expect to, 24 25 but we haven't heard definitely from some of the 26

1 clients what their position is.

2 MR. DAVENPORT: Rick Davenport. If I may 3 speak, too, I'm not recommending an appeal. 4 MR. HARPER: Even though you haven't ruled on ours formally, should you rule against 5 6 us, I think, you know, we filed them in good 7 faith, but I doubt we would appeal, either. THE COURT: Okay. So maybe what I need 8 9 to do is just issue a ruling on what you've got 10 tendered to me and then just not worry about it unless either of you decide to change your minds 11 12 to go forward, then you need to let me know and we'll figure out how we do that, whether we 13 certify it up or what we do with it and cross that 14 15 bridge when we come to it. 16 MR. HARPER: Again, inform the Court in our situation now that we're a little to speed on 17 this on the work comp side of it, our shop, that I 18 19 doubt they're appealing that. That, if you would rule us against, I doubt it would be appealed 20 21 because of the fact of what we're going through in another case. 22 23 THE COURT: Okay. So in your case, we're not going to have a hassle over lack of 24 25 jurisdiction because of the bankruptcy to assure

1 that these fellows or women get paid?

2	MR. HARPER: Not as to the claimants,
3	no. As to the attorney lien, we think that's a
4	THE COURT: Well, that comes out of
5	claimant's pocket, anyway.
6	MR. HARPER: Yeah, that's a bankruptcy
7	issue, only as it would be against NorthWestern
8	Energy. But as against the claimants and their
9	pockets, no.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Yeah, the only thing
11	the lien is going to do, Wayne, is when you figure
12	out what that impairment award is and you're going
13	to send it to the claimant, you just send
14	instead of sending the whole thing to the
15	claimant, you send 25 percent or whatever to
16	the 20 percent, whatever we figure out, to the
17	petitioners' attorneys. So there won't be
18	anything that will come from Northwest other than
19	what's due the claimants.
20	MR. HARPER: And I read that response
21	letter to you after you replied to it. I had
22	never seen it before, so East Coast counsel
23	gets paid a lot more than I do, but they read your
24	subpoena differently, I guess.
25	THE COURT: I think they did. That's why
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I sent back the letter that I did telling them 1 2 that they really needed to retain Montana counsel. 3 I could have told them just to call you, but --4 MR. HARPER: You should have told them to actually retain Montana counsel. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. LUCK: Just for the record, Your Honor, we like to read all the things that come to 8 9 us. 10 THE COURT: Wait until you read the latest decision that's coming out. 11 MR. LUCK: I didn't say we liked them, I 12 said we liked to read them. 13 14 THE COURT: Well, this latest one is on the Playground up in Great Falls, are exotic 15 16 dancers independent contractors. We do have 17 interesting cases. 18 Okay. Maybe I can solicit at this point. 19 You know, other than the formal objections that Wayne had filed and that David and Todd filed, I 20 21 don't have any formal objections to what we're 22 doing and how we're applying the Ruhd decision. 23 Are there issues out there that I'm going 24 to have to face that are going to be raised? I 25 know there's one about the settlement stuff, and 26

1 we'll get to that. I know about that one. What 2 do we do, we settle cases, and I'll talk about 3 that specifically, but just other things floating 4 around out there. Is anybody aware of any issues? MR. PALMER: Well, this is Rex Palmer and 5 6 I'm not sure if we're on this or not yet, but 7 there's been some suggestion that if somebody is 8 identified as having an entitlement, that it would 9 be good to wait and pay them sometime farther 10 down. And I don't if this is the time to talk about it, but I don't think the Court has ever 11 suggested that if there's not a legal issue and 12 you've decided you're going to comply, you just 13 need to pay that money and retain the attorney's 14 15 lien part for later determination. There's no 16 reason to hold up the claimant in receiving their benefits that I've heard from the Court. 17 THE COURT: No, I certainly haven't 18 19 suggested that. Has anybody gotten that impression, anybody else in the audience? 20 21 MR. PALMER: So if we don't have a legal 22 issue, we should be expecting insurers to make 23 payments in common fund issues subject only to the 24 attorney's lien. 25 THE COURT: If they've identified them as 26

1 due, yes.

2	MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, that goes
3	to the implementation issue. And I think Rex is
4	maybe talking about the Flynn/Miller case.
5	MR. PALMER: That's right.
6	MR. JONES: I thought the Court's
7	position was the insurer could make those files
8	available under the appropriate conditions and
9	that's how they would be identified.
10	THE COURT: That's an identification
11	issue. I think what Rex is talking about is if
12	you've identified the individual and you know that
13	the amount is due, do you withhold it or do you
14	pay it immediately. And I think the answer to
15	that is pay it as quick as you can.
16	MR. JONES: Are you saying the insurer,
17	then, right now should be going out, for example,
18	in the Ruhd case, we should being be going through
19	files that we're going to produce for the
20	attorneys.
21	THE COURT: No, because we want to do
22	that as a concerted joint effort in your case. I
23	mean, if the insurer knows some of the insurers
24	have already done that. And if they've done that,
25	we've got those identified, they should be paying
26	

1 those. But in cases where we haven't identified it and we've got issues or difficulties in 2 3 identifying them and you're working with petitioner's counsel, I think that's sufficient, 4 unless I hear otherwise, because, you know, I 5 6 think the petitioners' attorneys are monitoring 7 that. 8 MR. DALE: Well, I don't know about that.

9 It depends on how you define it, Your Honor. This 10 is Lon Dale for the record. For example, if 11 Liberty Northwest knows that their -- or a review 12 of their files would have indicated that there are 13 individuals that should have been paid impairment 14 amounts, they don't have to wait for us to review 15 the file to implement that.

16 THE COURT: Yeah, if they know that 17 impairment awards are due, then they should be 18 paying them, right.

MR. DALE: And so there should have been an independent review of the file in response to the Supreme Court decisions to at least meet that threshold. And then our review, at least my understanding of it, and Monte and Steve can also provide their comments, would be that we would then come and look at files, particularly on those

1 that perhaps were not permanent totals but had been long-term temporary totals, to determine 2 3 whether or not, in fact, that temporary total 4 should have been a permanent total and maybe should have had an impairment determination. 5 6 Those are the kind of things that we deal with as 7 opposed to, you know, clear issues that involve 8 impairments that are due and owing under the 9 existing statutes and case law. 10 MR. JONES: Your Honor, Liberty's understanding must be a little different then, 11 12 because we've had many discussions at many hearings about implementation issues, and one of 13 those issues was how are we going to identify what 14 15 files are relative rather than having an insurer 16 just go run amuck through thousands of files. And part of that limitation process was to ensure that 17 18 petitioners', claimants' attorneys were satisfied 19 with how the decision would be implemented. So what we have done, for example, in 20 21 Cheetham, was to identify those cases that we 22 thought could fall in and then allow the common 23 fund attorney to review those cases under a confidentiality order, and we've been proceeding 24 25 on that basis on the Ruhd case and the Flynn case.

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So we have not preemptively gone out and done the
 review that we understood was going to be done by
 the claimants' attorneys.

MR. ROBERTS: Judge, my understanding of 4 the Rausch and the Ruhd opinions would be that it 5 6 imposes a duty on the insurer to identify those 7 claimants who should be getting their impairment awards because they should be classified as 8 9 permanent total and be entitled to those benefits. 10 If there's files that are in dispute, that's what we can look at and say, Hey, we've got a dispute 11 12 with the company here.

But I think those decisions clearly put an affirmative duty on the insurer to do as the State Fund did, identify those claimants who are entitled to their benefits, for example, with the State Fund on that first Rausch case.

THE COURT: But it's an identification 18 19 process with you looking over their shoulder. And I think their position is, and I think the way 20 21 we've been working through this, is for them to at least identify the files, but have you satisfy 22 23 yourself as to which ones are due, so it's sort of a combined process as opposed to them unilaterally 24 25 and then your going back through and reviewing

each and every file and deciding whether or not
 they made the right decision on it.

3	MR. ROBERTS: Well, Judge, I think
4	there's going to be files that perhaps are obvious
5	that they ought to be identifying on their own.
6	And then ones that we dispute, for example, they
7	say, Well, we don't think this is one, and we look
8	at it and we think it is, then that we can fight
9	about it. But there's going to be some, I think,
10	that are real obvious.
11	In the first Rausch case, the State Fund
12	identified, you know, dozens and dozens of files
13	that they said these clearly should be ones that,
14	even though they weren't identified previously as
15	permanent total, I think the State Fund found
16	several that were from their own review.
17	MR. MARTELLO: Judge Tom Martello
18	with respect to the identification, I think you
19	have to have some sort of a formal process whereby
20	you're doing it as part of an implementation. And
21	I think there is, in some respects, some duty to
22	identify what potential claimants may fall under
23	certain categories. But then as part of the
24	process of paying it out, I think you have to have
25	the involvement of claimant's counsel as part of

that process rather than to just have the insured 1 go ahead and make the determination, because it 2 3 does end up with the problems that you pointed out where a determination is made and then after the 4 fact, after the money has been paid out, 5 6 claimant's counsel may look at it and it really 7 creates confusion with double and sometimes triple payments that occur. We ran into kind of that 8 9 problem in Murer.

10 And in the process in Murer that I thought kind of set the stage for this was to have 11 involvement with the Court kind of overseeing the 12 implementation of it. And then if you're not 13 having orderly procession of the issues, then 14 15 claimant's counsel has the ability to bring that 16 before the Court. But I think if you take it out of that formal process, I think it's going to 17 18 create problems.

19 THE COURT: You know, where the insurers 20 can specifically identify a respondent in a 21 fashion to the summons that we had, where they can 22 do that, then I don't have any problem with just 23 having them do that. And then if the claimants' 24 counsel have difficulties with anything that 25 they've done in any of those cases and wants to

1 review them, we can do it.

2	But where you've got a fairly large
3	insurer and you're obviously going to have
4	difficulties in identifying some of these people,
5	I would rather see it be a cooperative effort
6	rather than have them do it, then you look at it
7	and that sort of thing. I'd rather have it be a
8	cooperative effort.
9	But one of the things I've noticed, have
10	Rausch and Ruhd counsel, have they gone through
11	the responses that have been filed by the
12	insurers? I compiled a list and a number of
13	insurers actually provided us with claimant
14	information. One, two, three, four, five, six,
15	seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,
16	fourteen, about fifteen of the insurers have
17	provided us specific claimant information. Have
18	you gone through that information?
19	MR. DALE: Well, we've received it. I
20	mean, in terms of I've gone through it, in what
21	respect do you mean?
22	THE COURT: Reviewed it.
23	MR. DALE: Well, I mean, we know what's
24	been reported.
25	THE COURT: Because I went through that
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1 claimant information and I was a little bit 2 surprised. And what surprised me is there's not 3 very much there. Many of these claimants were 4 being paid out their impairment awards over time and have been completely paid their impairment 5 6 awards. There were a few cases where they were 7 paid in a lump sum after Rausch came down and the 8 attorney's fees have been withheld. There's a 9 couple cases where they haven't been withheld and 10 we'll have to figure out what to do with that, but there's very little where it's resulted in an 11 12 impairment award. And when I looked at the temporary total 13 stuff, it doesn't look like it's very rich 14 15 pickin's. A lot of that stuff that's in the 16 temporary total disability category doesn't look 17 like there's going to be very much there. There's some of it that has whole lists here. 18 19 So I guess I would throw out to you that the overall universe, when we start looking at it 20 21 may be fairly large, but when we get to the actual 22 beneficiaries who are going to benefit by the 23 decision, it sort of really squeezes down, at least that's my initial impression. 24 MR. DALE: Well, I think that that's 25

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perhaps true, but that's obviously dependent on 1 market share and Liberty's -- their reports are 2 3 significantly, you know, fairly voluminous, as 4 you're probably aware. It seems to me that Liberty has an obligation to go through their 5 6 files, and they're going to go through their files 7 before we see them, at least that's my 8 understanding under the way that this 9 confidentiality agreement is going to be 10 implemented, to determine if there are attorney-client privilege issues involved. 11 So it isn't like there isn't going to be administrative 12 review of the file, anyway. So if there is a 13 review of the file and if there's a determination 14 15 that an impairment hasn't been paid or should be 16 paid, then it seems to me that they have an 17 obligation to do that independent of our review and independent of our request. 18 THE COURT: Well, but the question is, 19 are you going to ask to review those files when 20 21 they make payment? 22 MR. DALE: Well, we may have to review 23 them. But the thing of it is, if they're going to

25 our review is an obligation to pay more than

pay them, the only thing that would result from

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they've already paid, so why not pay the threshold amount as soon as possible. I think they have a duty to do the review, and I think they have a duty to make the payments the law requires them to pay.

6 MR. JONES: Your Honor, could we get a 7 clarification? Apparently, the FFR attorneys are 8 prepared to allow Liberty to choose the physician 9 who will do the impairment rating in advance, and 10 be bound by that?

MR. DALE: Well, we didn't say that. 11 That's part of the review. But the point of it 12 is, if they have an obligation to get the 13 impairment rating, if they choose a physician and 14 15 the physician determines an impairment, and the 16 claimant situation is such that it would probably be obvious that it would mandate an impairment, 17 then they have to do that. The impairment comes 18 19 out. If we review the file and say, We dispute that, we want him to be seen by somebody else, I 20 21 mean, there we are. We can do that, but I don't think that this process, now that it has been 22 23 delayed several months, should be on our shoulders to have to do the review of the file to make them 24 25 fulfill what I believe is their duty since the

1 decision.

2	MR. JONES: Your Honor, will Lon
3	stipulate that the payment of the physician for
4	the second review be borne by the FFR attorneys?
5	MR. DALE: We're not going to
6	THE COURT: Well, we haven't gotten to
7	that point. I mean, there may be a question as to
8	whether or not they're entitled to I mean, if
9	there's an impairment rating in the file whether
10	or not FFR allows them to go beyond that, and I
11	don't know the answer to that. But let me ask
12	another question here, maybe more directly.
13	What has Liberty's policy been as far as
14	impairment awards for permanently totally
15	disabled? Because I know at this point, we know
16	that a lot of insurers were saying they're payable
17	but they're payable out over time. The State Fund
18	had taken the position they're payable but they're
19	not payable until retirement age. So I don't know
20	what Liberty's policy is and that may reflect upon
21	what we do, so what
22	MR. JONES: I don't know the answer to
23	that question. I'd have to go back and ask our
24	adjusters and our claims manager. I'm not even
25	sure if there was a policy. If it was
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automatically asked for one or just if the 1 physician gave one and it hit the file, so I'd 2 3 have to look at those files, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: You're going to be going through the files before you turn them over to Lon 5 6 and Steve and Monte? 7 MR. JONES: Under the minute entry that you gave us after our conference, we have that 8 9 right to go through and remove privileged 10 material, and that was the plan, Your Honor. THE COURT: Well, why not when you do 11 12 that, go through those files and if there are impairment awards in there and they're permanently 13 totally disabled, just set those aside and pay 14 15 them. 16 MR. JONES: We can do that, Your Honor, 17 that's not a problem. But again, I want to 18 emphasize, based on what happened in Murer and 19 what's been happening in this case, it was our understanding we would receive just the way you 20 21 described, in other words, we would not go out and 22 preemptively do a bunch of things precisely 23 because of the potential problems I've just noted with getting the ratings. And then if there's a 24 25 dispute over who did it or what it was, to me

those are implementation issues, Your Honor, that
 have to done in a systematic way.

3	THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's just do it
4	in that fashion. Let's go ahead, when you go
5	through those files to remove privileged material,
6	find those that are if you have impairment
7	awards for the permanently totally disabled, go
8	ahead and pay them and just set those aside. And
9	then if the FFR attorneys think that they're
10	entitled to review them and entitled to maybe have
11	a second guess on them, then we'll to have take
12	that up.
13	MR. JONES: I agree entirely that's the
14	way to proceed, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: And then the other files that
16	are identified in there, you'll have to go through
17	those and figure out what the heck to do with
18	those.
19	MR. JONES: This question, I'm sorry,
20	this line of discussion was prompted by Rex's
21	question. And so in that particular set of cases,
22	I understand it from talking to Rex, we would be
23	looking to see in which cases there were Social
24	Security awards, and then if an attorney fee were
25	owed. And so I'm anticipating following the

procedure you just set out for the Ruhd case in 1 2 Rex's case. In other words, it won't be done 3 preemptively. We'll agree on how to identify those cases. We'll set them aside with a similar 4 order regarding confidentiality and the ability to 5 6 remove privileged information. And then we'll 7 make our preliminary review for the confidential 8 information. If we find a case that clearly falls 9 under the holding in Flynn, we could go ahead and 10 start to implement at that time. Is that what you're telling us to do, Judge? 11 THE COURT: I think so. I mean, from my 12 point of view, the best thing that we can do is 13 involve petitioner's counsel with insurer's 14 15 counsel and figure out a way to do it and get the 16 job done, and to the extent that we can figure out how we're going to identify these files. 17 18 I mean, the first problem is identifying 19 the files, and I've been through that in Broeker and I've been through that in Murer, and sometimes 20 21 it's not so easy to identify which claimants may 22 be benefited. And as everybody is aware, we have 23 the computer-generated run from the Department of Labor which identified permanently totally 24 25 disabled claimants and it's come up short. I 26

mean, based on the data that we've compiled, we've 1 2 gotten back from the insurers that have 3 voluntarily gone through, identified the claimants 4 and furnished us with information, we know there are a lot more people out there than identified on 5 6 the department list. And plus we have this other 7 complicating factor of the temporary total people who have been paid for 18 months or more and what 8 9 we're going to do with those. And at least for 10 the time being, we've put those in to identify 11 those people and look at them. So we've got it -- I mean, we still have 12

to go through that process, but I think insofar as we can identify easily the people that have the impairment awards or in Rex's case, you identify the files and then you identify those people who have gotten the Social Security awards, and if there's attorney's fees due, we pay them as we go to the extent that we can.

20 MR. JONES: That's my understanding of21 what all this has been about, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But I think we need to keep exchanging information on both sides so we all know what we're doing.

25 MR. DALE: Would this be like a minute
26

entry? So, I mean, back to our docket. I mean, 1 this sounds like a court order to me. 2 3 THE COURT: Yeah, it's in the transcript. That's a procedure I want to follow. We'll put 4 that in the minute entry. That's one of the 5 6 reasons why I've got the court reporters for these 7 kinds of conferences, so we can go back. 8 MR. PALMER: The idea being that it would 9 be more convenient for the company to do them all 10 at once. And yet the person that's totally disabled and wanting to buy a Christmas present, 11 12 it's not very convenient for him to wait until the end, if for some reason he's identified, maybe his 13 attorney provides every bit of information that 14 15 they need out of order, he's just entitled to his 16 money. There's nothing about this proceeding that should delay anybody from getting their benefits 17 if they're identified. 18 19 THE COURT: No. MR. PALMER: And if the information is 20 21 provided.

THE COURT: No. If they're identified and the liability is clear, we ought to be able to go ahead and pay them.

25 MR. JONES: And all I'm discussing is

when the identification is supposed to have taken 1 2 place. And you've said it will take place in a 3 procedure and Liberty then follows; is that 4 correct, Your Honor? 5 THE COURT: That's correct. 6 MR. JONES: That's what we'll be doing 7 then, Your Honor, when we contemplate this implementation process to play itself out. 8 9 THE COURT: But you should be working 10 together. I mean, unless you've identified them, and if you've identified them, that's a different 11 case. I mean, if you identified the claimants 12 that are due, then you need to pay them. 13 14 MR. JONES: We agree with that, Your 15 Honor, if they're identified. But some of them, 16 obviously, we don't know anything about because we have not finished the implementation process or 17 the front end of it. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. But we're going to do it. 20 21 MR. JONES: We are, Your Honor. And 22 we've got the warehouse from Helena, or Missoula, 23 with all of these documents. And then when we get to the Ruhd case, you'll see we've identified the 24 25 files and provided the four categories of 26

1 information requested, we're going to pull those files and we're going to make them available, and 2 3 we'll go through them and then the claimant's 4 attorney can go through them. 5 THE COURT: Did the queries that you 6 generated today identify the permanently totally 7 disabled people? 8 MR. JONES: Some do, Your Honor. Some 9 do. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Well --MR. JONES: Well, I should say, we've 11 identified some that are labeled with our code for 12 permanent total disabled. We've certainly done 13 14 that. THE COURT: Okay. But they don't 15 16 identify whether or not they have impairment ratings and they don't identify whether or not 17 18 they've been paid impairment awards? MR. JONES: Exactly, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: So you have to go through the 20 21 files? MR. JONES: Exactly. And then I was 22 23 concerned about the issue of the impairment rating, if one has not been given, because we know 24 25 different physicians can see the same patient and 26

1 give very different ratings, so that was an implementation issue that has now arisen, 2 3 obviously. But if we've gone out and preemptively 4 looked at these files and got a physician on to do the ratings with whom the petitioners later 5 6 disagree, we'd have another dispute and additional 7 expenses and additional time spent. 8 THE COURT: What are we going to do about 9 the claimants that don't have ratings that are 10 permanently totally disabled? 11 MR. JONES: I would propose we mutually 12 agree to a physician who can do them in the appropriate community. 13 14 THE COURT: Wouldn't it be appropriate 15 just to send back a query to the treating 16 physician in the first instance? 17 MR. JONES: That's another possibility, 18 Your Honor. MR. DALE: Well, I mean, I don't know if 19 we can judicially direct what they ought to have 20 21 done to begin with. As far as I'm concerned, they 22 had a duty to identify these and pay them, and we 23 have a right to review to make sure what they're 24 doing is correct. I mean, they can send them to 25 whoever they want for impairments.

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1 THE COURT: Well, yeah, but I don't want 2 to do that. I mean, that's where we start going 3 off the rail, I think, in these cases. I mean, I 4 think we need to get together and agree how we're going to handle those cases. I mean, I can tell 5 6 them to unilaterally do it and then you come in 7 and you say you don't like it, then I have to unravel that dispute. It seems to me that we're 8 9 better off trying to fashion some sort of way to 10 handle this that's agreeable to both parties. 11 MR. DALE: Well, it would be standard 12 claims procedure, I think, Your Honor. Just like we did with the State Fund. When the State Fund 13 did this, normally they'd start with the treating 14 15 physician, if the treating physician is available. 16 That's a pretty obvious decision, that's standard 17 practice. THE COURT: That's what I just suggested. 18 19 MR. DALE: So why do we have to tell them to do that? That's standard procedure, they 20 21 should be doing that anyway. And if that person for some reason hasn't, isn't practicing any 22 23 longer, isn't available, they find somebody else, 24 that person gives them an impairment. That's what 25 should be done. We don't have to sanction that or

ratify it in any way. That's their independent 1 obligation to do that, anyway. We get to look to 2 3 see if we might disagree with what that determination is, and then we'd have to come to 4 you and say, Well, we think we should perhaps have 5 6 this person looked at by someone else and we'd 7 have to decide, you know, who is going to bear 8 that expense. But we don't have to ratify or 9 somehow direct what they ought to do when it's 10 their clear obligation to do it. 11 THE COURT: Well, except they're doing it 12 under the Court's supervision. And what I want to

13 try to do is I want to confront these problems up 14 front rather than having disputes down the road. 15 If to the extent that we can confront these things 16 up front, figure how to deal with them, we avoid 17 disputes down the road and the process goes more 18 smoothly.

19 So, I mean, if you agree that that's what 20 they should do, send them back to the claimant, 21 then that's what to do then. And it sounds like 22 you do, so let's just do that, send them back to 23 the treating physician. So let's go ahead, the 24 ones that don't have ratings, let's send back to 25 the treating physician, request -- we may not get

1 a reply, then what do we do?

2	MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, as you
3	know, there's sometimes disputes about who is the
4	treating physician. And if they I'm concerned
5	about duplication of effort and who is going to
6	pay for this? Shouldn't we be able to try to
7	reach an agreement on who the evaluator is going
8	to be on a one-time deal?
9	THE COURT: You're going to pay for it.
10	MR. JONES: Well, do we pay for two or
11	three, four or five?
12	THE COURT: Well, just one, for sure. I
13	mean, if they just disagree with it, then that's
14	another story. But at least if there's no
15	impairment rating and they're permanent totally
16	disabled, then I think the insurer needs to pay
17	for that exam. I think you send them back to the
18	treating physician to see if they'll render the
19	rating. If there's a dispute about who the
20	treating physician is, then I suggest that you
21	discuss the matter and try to resolve it. And if
22	you can't resolve it, then you can get ahold of me
23	and maybe I can resolve it for you.
24	MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, here's what
25	I'm getting at. I want to make sure I understand
26	

the timing on this. Liberty does not dispute the 1 fact that it must pay for the first evaluation. 2 3 There's no doubt about that. The question is, when is it going to be -- when is it going to ask 4 someone to do it? 5 6 And again, as I understood you, we would 7 all sit down with the files, we would agree that this is a perm total that needs an impairment 8 9 rating, that Liberty is going to pay for that, 10 there's no doubt about that. 11 But are you saying that the FFR attorneys 12 have now stipulated that we will go initially to the treating doctor, that's what we're going to do 13 14 automatically? THE COURT: Well, the feedback I got is 15 16 they agree that that's the thing that should be done. Am I right about that? 17 MR. DALE: Right. I mean, I think it not 18 19 only should be done, it should have been done. THE COURT: Well, once they're 20 21 identified, absolutely. 22 MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, maybe I can 23 just cut to the chase on this. What I hear is an argument that if they find a claim in their review 24 25 that they think we should have gone out and done 26

all of this already rather than going through this
 procedure, they may want to knock on the door and
 say you've unreasonably delayed payment of
 benefit.

5 THE COURT: Oh, I don't know whether 6 they can do that or not. I don't know whether 7 they have any standing to do that or not. But 8 what I'm interested in is making sure that we've 9 got a process in place to get this done.

10 MR. JONES: So am I authorized now to wait until they get on the file and we agree this 11 is a case that needs an impairment rating, am I 12 authorized to wait, or are you telling me to go 13 14 out tomorrow and start looking at these cases? THE COURT: Well, you're going to go 15 16 through the files initially. 17 MR. JONES: Right. THE COURT: And you're going to look 18 19 for -- just find out the claimants that are permanently totally disabled that have impairment 20 21 awards and you're going to pay those. 22 MR. JONES: Right. 23 THE COURT: At the same time, what I would suggest you do is go ahead and find those 24

25 that don't have impairment awards. If the doctor,

the treating physician is clear, then send out a 1 request for impairment rating. If the treating 2 3 physician is not clear, then call Monte, Lon, Steve, and say, It's not clear. Here's our 4 problem in this case, see if you can reach an 5 6 agreement. If you can't reach an agreement as to 7 how to handle that case, who to send it to, then 8 I'll resolve it. 9 MR. JONES: That's the guidance I need, 10 Your Honor. THE COURT: And, you know, if the 11 treating physician won't give the impairment 12 award, then talk about who you're going to send 13 14 them to. 15 I mean, the thing that I don't want to 16 get into, I don't want to get in a situation where you send him to one doctor, they think that doctor 17 is too insurance oriented and so they want their 18 19 own doctor, and we go back and forth. I'd rather see you agree on somebody to do the impairment 20 21 rating and have one impairment rating and be done with it. 22 23 MR. JONES: That's the procedure we want, 24 Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Do you disagree with that, 26

1 Lon?

MR. DALE: Well, in some respects
because, I mean, here's a guy waiting for an
impairment rating and he doesn't need an agreement
from us, we haven't seen the file. I mean, their
file is under their control, and they should have
sent in to get his impairment rating independent
of ours.
THE COURT: Well, Lon.
MR. DALE: Or input, and that was their
obligation. And it doesn't wait on our review of
the file or the Court's order telling them to do
what they're already obligated to do. So, I mean,
if there's a dispute I mean, the likelihood of
there being a dispute is pretty minimal. They
just have to meet the threshold obligations that
they have. And in the meantime, everything is
being delayed.
THE COURT: Well, when are you going to
review the files? Everything is getting delayed

20 review the files? Everything is getting delayed 21 in all these cases. I mean, no matter what we do, 22 Murer took us five years, six years, seven years 23 to work through. I mean, it's not going to happen 24 yesterday. And my concern is, is we're going to 25 delay these matters further if we just

unilaterally do things and then we start having disputes. We have you coming back to me and saying, I don't like that impairment award and, therefore, we want to get another impairment award, so then I have to adjudicate it. Then we just delay the process further.

7 So it makes sense to me to spend a little bit of extra time up front and reach an agreement 8 9 as to what we're going to do, or in this case 10 reach an agreement as to the doctor who is going to do the impairment award, get it done, get it 11 done once and that's the end of it. So, I mean, 12 there's a balance there. I understand your point. 13 14 These people are waiting for their money, but 15 they've been waiting for their money for a while 16 some of them.

MR. DALE: Well, I mean, I guess our position is pretty clear. I mean, I think that they should -- they should not be waiting for us to review a file to send someone that they know is entitled to an impairment.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'm telling him that, they're going to do that. They will identify the permanently total, they'll pay the ones where they've got the impairment awards.

They'll send the claimant back to the treating 1 physician, if that treating physician is 2 3 identifiable. If not, they'll get ahold of you, 4 you'll see if you can work it out. And if you can't work it out -- and there 5 6 may be none of those cases, we may be just wasting 7 our time even talking about it, but if there are, we'll get together and figure it out. 8 9 MR. ROBERTS: Judge, this is Steve 10 Roberts. Can we have some time frame on Liberty Mutual? When we implemented it with the State 11 12 Fund, you know, we weren't talking five, four, three or even two years. It went fairly quickly. 13 14 THE COURT: Well, we're not talking five, four, three years here. But you've got to realize 15 16 the State Fund has experience in this because 17 they've already been through two of these. So 18 they've got the track record and they know what to do and how to do it. And these other insurers, we 19 may have to educate them a little bit and get them 20 21 involved. I think this is Larry's really first 22 crack at it. 23 MR. JONES: Your Honor, what would the 24 other attorneys like as a deadline? 25 THE COURT: Originally, I thought the 26

file review was supposed to have taken place. We 1 were talking about doing it in March and then it 2 3 sort of got derailed. 4 MR. JONES: We had a confidentiality issue arise and once that's resolved today, and it 5 6 will be resolved today --7 THE COURT: Okay. MR. JONES -- I'd like a deadline by which 8 9 they would like it done and see if that's 10 reasonable? 11 MR. ROBERTS: It was our understanding 12 that you were going to do individual reviews of the files for the attorney-client material, right? 13 14 MR. JONES: Yes. 15 MR. ROBERTS: And that was going to be 16 done fairly promptly because the expectation was we were going to start looking at files after that 17 18 fairly promptly. 19 MR. JONES: Can we get the wish list, Your Honor? What's the date? 20 21 THE COURT: Do you want to put a date on 22 it? 23 MR. ROBERTS: A week following. Maybe we can talk about this outside of everybody else 24 25 afterwards so we don't waste their time. But if 26
you can give us some parameters, we can tell you 1 if we thought that was reasonable. 2 3 MR. JONES: Your Honor, I'm here to set the date. 4 5 THE COURT: Two weeks? 6 MR. JONES: I'll need more than two 7 weeks, Your Honor. THE COURT: Three? 8 9 MR. JONES: If we had four, that should 10 be more than sufficient. 11 MR. ROBERTS: Four weeks, that's sufficient. Yeah, four weeks. 12 MR. JONES: Four weeks it is, Your Honor, 13 with the Court's agreement. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Four weeks. 15 16 MR. PALMER: David suggested that I possibly attend that. Is there any objection to 17 18 that? 19 MR. JONES: No objection from Liberty, 20 Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Do we have a confidentiality 22 agreement between the two of you in place? 23 MR. JONES: We have a draft we've been working on. And I'm sure -- Rex and I have worked 24 25 together before, that it won't be a problem.

1 THE COURT: Okay. Yeah, we need to get those confidentiality agreements in effect. 2 3 Okay. So four weeks for Liberty to do 4 their initial review and --MR. JONES: And if you want, Your Honor, 5 6 we can set another date after that when the three 7 FFR attorneys can come on site under the confidentiality agreement. 8 9 THE COURT: Well, I'll let you pick the 10 date. Unless you have a dispute about it, you guys ought to be able to agree to it. 11 12 MR. JONES: I have asked them if they would consult among themselves and send me a 13 letter proposing the dates. And we'll know how 14 15 much time we'll need at the conclusion of this 16 hearing when we resolve the issue of how many cases on the ones we've identified that have to be 17 18 pulled and made available. 19 MR. LUCK: When would you like that letter by? 20 21 MR. JONES: Oh, I think Monday at 5:00, 22 If you'd like to help with that, I would Brad. 23 appreciate your involvement. MR. DALE: On that subject, Your Honor, 24 25 I'm just down the street from Larry's office and 26

so -- I mean, we don't need to -- you know, if 1 they have a file -- if they have the files 2 3 reviewed that are to be reviewed available, I can 4 go down any time they have one, two or two hundred, for that matter. So, I mean, we don't 5 6 have to wait for a specific date. It would be 7 nice if we could probably agree on two or three days when Steve and Monte could come over, too, 8 9 and we could work through a lot of them, but --10 THE COURT: Do you really need all three of you to do this spot review? 11 MR. DALE: Well, we weren't going to 12 review every file, all three of us, but we could 13 break it up. So that's what I'm saying, if they 14 15 have 60 of them, each of us can do 20 of them. So 16 that's what we planned on doing, just implement the process, expedite it. 17 THE COURT: Okay. You know, I really 18 don't care how you do it, but alls I care about is 19 that you do it. 20 21 MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, they can 22 call me when they would like to come, sometime 23 after the conclusion of the four-week period. THE COURT: You need to make a list of 24 the files, too, where you're making the payments, 25 26

so that they know that, because those files may 1 take a lot less review or they may not even want 2 3 to review them, I don't know. MR. JONES: We'll do that, Your Honor. 4 MR. BECK: Just one clarification, Judge, 5 6 this would include the affiliated companies as 7 well? 8 THE COURT: Well, who are we dealing 9 with? 10 MR. JONES: Your Honor, we had that hearing and Monte was unavailable. 11 He had 12 proposed to apprise affiliated companies in the minute entry and you said you've issued a minute 13 14 entry and it's limited to Liberty Mutual. 15 THE COURT: Liberty Northwest. 16 MR. JONES: Liberty Mutual and its fire insurance. It's one of the Liberty Mutual 17 companies and Liberty Northwest, the files we have 18 19 identified. Now, the affiliated companies, that's another implementation issue. 20 21 THE COURT: Okay. Are you representing 22 the affiliated companies? 23 MR. JONES: Wausau, and there are three other companies, I believe, with Liberty in the 24 first word of the title. And we're going to have 25 26

to see if there are any cases that even fall under
 this with these people.

3 THE COURT: Have we got a response from 4 them yet?

5 MR. JONES: I filed a response, Your 6 Honor. And it was based on something you said in 7 one of our earlier hearings that I could respond 8 by saying here's my earlier letter, I'd like to go 9 through the Court to implement the files that are 10 covered, if any, and how they're reproduced.

11 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we need to get 12 down to business with them.

MR. JONES: Your Honor, why don't we, if it's agreeable with the FFR attorneys, I will identify who the claims managers are and whatever state they're in and see what resources they have to identify any Montana claims.

18 THE COURT: You haven't done that yet?
19 MR. JONES: No, we have not, Your Honor,
20 because we've been dealing with the bulk of what
21 we know is the largest part of this, the Mutual
22 and the Northwest.

23 THE COURT: Were any of those companies 24 the -- we'll call them the affiliated companies 25 for loss of a better word -- were any of them

identified in the Department of Labor run? 1 MS. GARBER: Yes. 2 3 MR. JONES: Wausau, I believe was, Your 4 Honor, and maybe a couple of others, I believe. 5 THE COURT: Were there specific claims? 6 Well, there must have been specific claims 7 identified in respect to that. 8 Well, let's get on that. 9 MS. GARBER: But the problem with those is that those files are typically handled out of 10 11 another state even though they're Montana 12 jurisdiction cases. So, we aren't going to be familiar with them, nor would anyone in our office 13 14 be. 15 MR. JONES: We'll have to identify the 16 claims, the relevant claims manager for that company who can do that, see if there are any. 17 18 THE COURT: Can you do that in about a 19 week? MR. JONES: We'll do it in a week, Your 20 21 Honor. THE COURT: And furnish that information 22 23 back to me and also to the FFR attorneys? MR. JONES: Will do, Your Honor. We'll 24 ask for it and I'll let you know what I'm told, 25 26

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because for all I know, some claims manager in
 1
      Wausau out of Florida who may handle these cases
 2
 3
      is on vacation or something, so I'll do the best I
 4
      can to try to get those available.
 5
                MS. GARBER: Could we have two weeks on
 6
      that?
 7
                MR. JONES: Yeah, I am volunteering
      Carrie Garber to do that so --
 8
 9
                MS. GARBER: And I'm going back East.
10
                MR. JONES: Would two weeks be agreeable,
      Your Honor?
11
                THE COURT: Yeah, two weeks is okay.
12
                Carrie, just tell them that they need to
13
14
      get huffing.
15
                MS. GARBER: I think they -- I can do
16
      that.
17
                THE COURT: Okay.
18
                MR. PALMER: This is Rex Palmer again.
19
      Rather than doing this twice, maybe we can do the
      same process for the Flynn matters, Flynn and
20
21
      Miller, because we're going to have to contact
22
      these same people again, the same files are going
23
      to have to be brought up, only a little -- maybe
      substantially larger group. And I'm happy to look
24
25
      through the ones which are permanent partial
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disability files with the FFR attorneys to 1 maybe -- than clear the warehouse out again. 2 If 3 we do that once, I don't mind that, but I'd hate to have to then wait six months to start the 4 group that goes beyond that because they might be 5 6 temporary total disability claims or that they 7 might go outside the time frames of the FFR. 8 MR. JONES: Well, I think it's up to Rex 9 to decide if he wants to see the perm total claims 10 or potentially perm total claims that we've identified, and he's certainly welcome to. 11 12 MR. PALMER: No, no, I'm happy to do I'm thinking that might even be an 13 that. efficient way to do it, but I'm concerned that we 14 15 have the other part moving, like the notice to 16 these other claims examiners, whoever you're going to be representing, and the other files for 17 Liberty Northwest and Wausau, the ones that you're 18 19 more clear about that we know we don't have a broader time frame and a broader category, but 20 21 they need to be kind of moving towards that. So 22 shall we pick a time frame for that, too? 23 MR. JONES: Well, we can do that, Your 24 Honor. 25 THE COURT: Okay. I'm lost. And we need

1 to give a Yvonne a break, too.

2	MR. JONES: After we have a side bar.
3	THE COURT: Okay. Let's take a break.
4	(Whereupon, the conference was in recess
5	at 2:31 p.m., and subsequently reconvened at
6	2:50 p.m., and the following proceedings were had
7	and entered of record:)
8	THE COURT: Let's get started again. I
9	think when we left off, Larry and Rex were
10	talking. Do you want to put anything else on the
11	record here? Do we need to?
12	MR. PALMER: What we were trying to do is
13	to define what areas the insurer is going to be
14	searching and some kind of broad categories to
15	simplify that process. And, of course, in the
16	computer age, it's easier. So we talked about the
17	computer period of time and the pre-computer
18	period of time and then to break each of those
19	down into the kind of categories that are affected
20	by the Flynn decision and that includes anybody
21	that is either temporary totally disabled or
22	permanently totally disabled. Those would be
23	possible claims that a Social Security offset may
24	have been garnered by the insurer. And the search
25	would be something that would be reduced after you

identify all temporary total disability cases or 1 permanent total disability cases, a query could be 2 3 done that would identify all of those where the 4 rate had been reduced because that might suggest an offset, and that's how the State Fund did it. 5 6 They went through and that was their first 7 narrowing process. That avoided looking at simply 8 every case that comes through.

9 It's our position that now that the law 10 is clear, it's the insurer's duty to do the 11 search, that's to query the computer and look at the pre-computer files to determine which ones 12 these events occurred in. And Larry has a 13 position that they'll do the computers, not under 14 15 duty, but as a matter of -- because it's easy, 16 they'll do it and the pre-computer is our problem. So that's really how close we got. 17

18 MR. JONES: Your Honor, our computers, 19 I'm told, can go back to 1991 with a query asking has a TTD or a PTD rate been reduced by a dollar 20 21 award. We may be able to go back with code numbers -- in fact, I'm confident we can go back 22 23 somewhat with code numbers to identify additional TTD and PTD cases prior to 1991. But then whether 24 25 they are relevant to Flynn, it appears it would

1 take a manual search. And we're prepared,

2	certainly for Liberty Northwest cases, to identify
3	what we can by computer that doesn't fit the first
4	category of a reduced rate and allow Rex, under
5	the appropriate confidentiality order, to do a
6	manual audit of those.
7	THE COURT: Well, how many files are we
8	going to have? That's another question.
9	MR. JONES: Well, I can get you some
10	numbers on that, Judge.
11	THE COURT: What did the State Fund do?
12	Did you deal with pre-computer stuff under Flynn?
13	MR. MARTELLO: We dealt with there
14	were computer tapes, if you will, for a period of
15	time, but I don't think we went prior to prior
16	to '87, I don't know that we identified anything.
17	MR. HARRINGTON: This is Tom Harrington.
18	I think in Flynn we were able to use a lot of the
19	Broeker population for the pre-computer age and
20	identify the folks that responded to the Broeker
21	ads and mailings, because those populations
22	overlapped quite a bit.
23	THE COURT: Well, in Broeker, we used the
24	newspaper for some of them. And another
25	alternative is in the pre-computer age, if we
26	

can't winnow it down to people whose rates were 1 2 changed, we just know that they were temporary 3 totally or permanently totally disabled, another 4 option would be a mass mailing to them and have them reply rather than having everybody go sift 5 6 through that stuff. So you might want to think 7 about that when you're talking about it, and then 8 we can all talk about that some more. 9 We probably will have similar problems

10 with other insurers in Flynn, too. We have some replies in Flynn at this point, and I haven't 11 12 looked at them. And those are coming to the Court, aren't they, they're not coming to you, so 13 you haven't even seen them? 14 15 MR. PALMER: Those are State Fund. 16 THE COURT: Well, no. Okay. You're right, that's right, they're just State Fund 17 stuff. But we've sent out -- didn't we send out a 18 19 summons in Flynn, though? MR. PALMER: That was one of the things 20 21 we were going to work through. THE COURT: The global summons, we 22 haven't done that yet? 23 MR. PALMER: No, there was a global lien 24 but not a global summons. Our last discussion was 25

that we sent you one, you made some changes and
 Larry had some thoughts on that.

3 THE COURT: What's the status of that? MR. JONES: Well, Your Honor, I don't 4 have that in front of me, but rather than keep 5 6 everyone here, if it only involves Liberty, we can 7 do that at the conclusion. I'm sure we can get this resolved today. 8 9 MR. PALMER: Yeah, I'm not sure it just 10 involves Liberty. I think it's the summons that 11 actually involves everybody. 12 THE COURT: Right. That's what I'm thinking of. We were going to give notice to all 13 the rest of them and see where that landed us. 14 15 MR. JONES: I believe the concern I have 16 was the same as the Ruhd one, that you're asking them to step forward with all this information. 17 18 And our understanding all along in this process 19 has been that you were going to give us guidelines about how to identify those files. 20 21 Again, we're concerned that if we go out 22 and do something only to find out that the common 23 fund attorney would like to see it done 24 differently.

25 THE COURT: Well, the problem in Flynn26

is, and in some of these other cases, is we don't 1 2 have a Supreme Court decision saying that there's 3 a common fund or dealing with retroactivity in other issues, and we don't have the benefit of 4 Stavenjord and Schmill yet. So there may be some 5 6 uncertainty as to the defenses that may be raised 7 in those cases. And I think I redrafted the summons. I think I drafted it more generically 8 9 and basically asked them to reply to your total 10 lien. Is that what I did? 11 MR. PALMER: That's my recollection, Your 12 Honor. THE COURT: Okay. Well, we don't have to 13 do this now. I don't want to waste the time of 14 15 everybody else. But let's go back and take a look 16 at that summons and let's see -- and also the 17 State Fund, I think you looked at it, too, didn't 18 you? Did you look at the Flynn global summons, 19 Tom Harrington? MR. HARRINGTON: I'm sure we did, Your 20 Honor. Was that circulated a couple weeks ago? 21 THE COURT: Yeah, I think so. 22 The 23 problem is we've got so many of these floating 24 around, it's sometimes hard to figure out which --25 MR. LUCK: The Satterlee one we've been 26

looking at, and I think that's one of the things 1 you want to talk about. If we looked at it, we 2 3 didn't spend a lot of time with it because we 4 weren't involved. THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, 5 6 let's go back and revisit that and let's get that 7 pinned down so that we can get that out. 8 Let's work back to Rausch just a minute. 9 And, Wayne, what kind of problems do you 10 have in identifying claimants along the lines that we're talking about in that Rausch summons? 11 MR. HARPER: Well, the issue is if the 12 people that have the time to do that and can do 13 their work that they have to do for the bankruptcy 14 15 court and stuff, whether it's a violation of the 16 State. I don't think it is. I think they'll plow 17 through them. THE COURT: Okay. I think we need to 18 19 look at that a little bit more closely. I don't know what you can do, I don't know what you're 20 21 capable of doing, whether by computer or what you 22 have to do. So maybe if you could go back and 23 look at that and tell me and tell, also, the FFR attorneys what's involved in your getting the 24 25 information that we requested in that summons and

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let us -- maybe give us a little bit better idea 1 of what kind of time frame that you have. 2 3 And then Lon and Monte and Steve, you can 4 look at that and we can talk about, you know, setting some sort of time frame. 5 6 That's the other thing. I've given 7 extensions. A number of the replies that we got back indicated that the insurers needed additional 8 9 time to identify the claimants. And I gave 10 basically blanket extensions to those people that needed to do that, or to the insurers up to, I 11 12 think, April 18th. And so we should be getting a second, a second series of replies to look at. 13 And I think there's been a couple of cases where 14 15 I've given more time because of the specific needs 16 of the insurer. And I think I'm going to have to deal with those on a case-by-case basis. 17 18 And I guess what I would query here, is 19 there anybody else here in the Rausch or Ruhd case that needs additional time or that has particular 20 21 problems with identifying claimants? 22 MR. HERINGER: K-Mart is having 23 difficulties. The current claims adjusters have just started adjusting the files for about the 24 25 last year and someone else has them for the past 26

time frame, and so they don't have familiarity 1 with the files, they don't have the longevity with 2 3 the files. You know, they don't even know what's back after a certain period of time. So it's just 4 trying to get ahold of all the information, then 5 6 trying to figure out what is out there so that 7 they can respond to the summons. I mean, there's just difficulties in getting all that together. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have an 10 extension in effect at this point? MR. HERINGER: No, I don't, but I would 11 move at this time for an extension. 12 MR. LUCK: One of them indefinite ones. 13 THE COURT: No, Lon is going to make me 14 15 put a deadline on it. 16 Would you go back and find out what kind of difficulties are involved and what type of time 17 18 frame they have and let us know? Can you do that 19 in a couple of weeks? 20 MR. HERINGER: Yes, I can. 21 THE COURT: And then what I'll do is when 22 you give us that report, if there's an objection 23 to the time frame that he's talking about, then let's have the FFR attorneys file an objection to 24 25 it or a conference call and reach an agreement or 26

1 something on it.

2	MR. HARRINGTON: This is Tom Harrington,
3	again. Your Honor, our firm is representing the
4	Western Guarantee Fund as well.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MR. HARRINGTON: We identified some of
7	the identification issues we were experiencing
8	when we responded to the first summons. And we
9	followed that up with a conference call with you
10	and the FFR attorneys.
11	We've had the Guarantee Fund do an
12	initial survey with their adjusters because
13	they're computer system just does not let them
14	identify claimants through computer queries. It's
15	possible that we might be asking for additional
16	time. We've received some written materials from
17	the Western Guarantee Fund. I don't know if it's
18	enough yet to satisfy the Court's requests, I
19	think in paragraph 4 of the original summons, but
20	we should know more, I would guess, by April 8th.
21	So if we need additional time, we might be
22	contacting the Court.
23	THE COURT: What did I give you, until
24	April 18th?
25	MR. HARRINGTON: You gave us until
26	

1 April 18th.

2	THE COURT: Okay. Yeah, these dates are
3	aren't written in stone. I mean, I think one of
4	the things that we're going to encounter is the
5	individual insurers may have different problems
6	and so we'll have to deal with that as they come
7	up. I don't see any way around it.
8	MR. HARRINGTON: I think you issued a
9	second summons, didn't you, in Rausch, that had
10	the April 18th deadline in there for other
11	insurers?
12	THE COURT: I think for other insurers,
13	but I don't know what the status we had some
14	insurers that just ignored us and so we served
15	them formally through the Secretary of State or
16	their registered agents. And I put a little thing
17	in there that we intended to enforce the summons.
18	And I don't know what kind of response we've
19	gotten from that so far. They won't get in
20	trouble as long as they get involved in this
21	proceedings and tell me what their problems are,
22	but if they don't answer, I have not a clue what's
23	going on.
24	Jackie, do you know if we've gotten any

25 responses from any of the --

1 MS. BOCKMAN: No, the only thing I've received back is just, you know, a certificate of 2 3 them being served by the processor, so --THE COURT: Okay. So we've got them 4 served, but we'll have to see. And if they still 5 6 don't respond, then the FFR attorneys will have to 7 give me guidance about what I'm supposed to do 8 about that. 9 Anybody else have a particular problem? 10 Rick, and then I'll get to you, Tom, because --MR. DAVENPORT: Rick Davenport. One of 11 12 my questions that I have for this proceeding is that we know that we've got Rausch and Ruhd and 13 we've got Flynn sitting there, but we also have 14 15 Stavenjord and Schmill that are coming down. 16 And my question is, would it make more sense for us to arrive at a global, if you will, 17 18 set of rules and procedures to account for all of 19 the cases where we anticipate where they're going to be coming up so that we are not obligated to go 20 21 through every file six times to try and identify, 22 you know, if it meets the criteria for Stavenjord 23 or if it meets the criteria for Flynn or meets the criteria for all of these others? 24 25 In our particular case, being a

third-party administrator, we have multiple 1 clients, some of them who have been with us since 2 3 1990 and some of them whom we just picked up in the last year. And typically what happens when we 4 take over a new client is we get tape dump with a 5 6 bulk amount paid on any one particular claim so 7 that we have no way of knowing whether it was paid as permanent partial impairment or PPD or TTD. 8 9 There's no classification, we have just one 10 lump-sum amount. So that means that, you know, even files 11 as early as 2000 or 2003, we have to go through 12 every file physically, you know, which in some 13 cases we're taking files that were handled by 14 15 other third-party administrators, they're not --16 we can't quarantee what those files are like even, if we even have them all, we don't know where they 17 18 all are. So it's going to be a very 19 time-consuming process. And we would like to be able to be in a position to comply with the spirit 20 21 of what's going on here but be able to do it in a 22 very orderly fashion that doesn't cause 23 significant confusion to take place over time. THE COURT: Does the information you get, 24 does that identify whether or not they're 25

permanently totally disabled? It doesn't even do
that?

3	MR. DAVENPORT: No. If we've had a
4	client for a significant period of time and, you
5	know, we're saying back in 1999, we can almost
6	by you know, my assumption is that almost by
7	figuring out what the minimum amount of temporary
8	total has been paid to meet perm total
9	classification. So if you use 1991, if we paid
10	more than \$25,000 in indemnity benefits, in theory
11	that would be one file you would want to look at
12	because it might beat that minimum threshold. But
13	in terms of being able to classify it as from a
14	query, no.
15	THE COURT: I take it that you as
15	THE COURT: I take it that you as
15 16	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the
15 16 17	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from
15 16 17 18	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from the insurance company?
15 16 17 18 19	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from the insurance company? MR. DAVENPORT: No, we make the payments
15 16 17 18 19 20	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from the insurance company? MR. DAVENPORT: No, we make the payments for them. And so, you know, from a date certain
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from the insurance company? MR. DAVENPORT: No, we make the payments for them. And so, you know, from a date certain when we have taken them over and they're on our system, I can slice and dice that information, you
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	THE COURT: I take it that you as third-party administrator are not making the actual payments, those are coming directly from the insurance company? MR. DAVENPORT: No, we make the payments for them. And so, you know, from a date certain when we have taken them over and they're on our system, I can slice and dice that information, you know, a large number of ways.

1 the account?

2	MR. DAVENPORT: Yeah, it's the archival
3	data that comes to us. You know, unfortunately,
4	even as recently as 2000, there wasn't the
5	sophistication for us to be able to take over data
6	from another TPA and have it be broken down by
7	individual checks issued to individual parties and
8	be able to sort it out. It's going to literally
9	take hands-on looking at every file.
10	THE COURT: Have you contacted your
11	clients, your insurer clients to find out if they
12	can get that information, either they have it or
13	they can contact the prior TPA to get it?
14	MR. DAVENPORT: That's the next step that
15	we're working on now, but the problem is that the
16	archival data that they have going back to 1999
17	isn't necessarily as sophisticated now or then
18	as it is now. So they may have basically the
19	amounts paid on each claim, but not necessarily
20	the breakdown. You know, so for 2004, since we
21	switched to the new computer system, we're in
22	pretty good shape.
23	THE COURT: But were they using TPAs for
24	their prior payments such that they
25	MR. DAVENPORT: Yes.
26	

1	THE COURT: Can you go back to them?
2	MR. DAVENPORT: And a lot of them were
3	issuing floppy checks and recording them in
4	spreadsheets that who knows where they are. And
5	so you just have a roll-up number for any
6	particular file. Unless the third-party, unless
7	the insurer, or shall we say the self-insured was
8	keeping their own set of data independently and
9	has and then they can do it. But NorthWestern
10	Energy is an example, they've had their own
11	information for quite some time, so they're a
12	little bit more sophisticated, but not a lot than
13	a lot of others.
14	But in terms of answering the question, I
15	don't know how close we can get to being able to
16	identify without a physical exam.
17	THE COURT: Do you have name-and-address
18	information?
19	MR. DAVENPORT: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Okay. It sounds like you're
21	in a situation we probably need to talk about and
22	need to get Lon and Monte and Steve involved in to
23	try to figure out how we proceed in that.
24	How many files, do you know?
25	MR. DAVENPORT: I can tell you that we've
26	

1	numbered 25,000 files from the time we've been in
2	business. But as far as, you know, how many
3	different files we're talking about, I don't know.
4	I mean, that's the great unknown. When we've
5	taken over the files that we closed and benefits
6	paid on them and they've been inactive since we've
7	handled the case, we really have no way of
8	knowing.
9	THE COURT: Okay. David, are you
10	representing all of his clients?
11	MR. SANDLER: Most I think all of
12	them, and then I have a couple others that have
13	similar problems. We thought they were TPAs and
14	whatnot. And one client has, of mine, that's
15	appeared, they have that problem. They have the
16	additional layer that they're having trouble
17	getting their software, I think, from pre I
18	think it's '98, working, and we're running into
19	problems like that. And that same company also
20	has a problem of, on some of the stuff they have
21	been able to dig up, they can get files where they
22	know the perm total has been paid, but they
23	can't their system is not able, for whatever
24	reason, to tell you what state it's out of. So
25	this is a national insurance company who is

saying, We have thousands of files and we don't 1 know which ones are in Montana right now. We're 2 3 trying to figure it out, but --THE COURT: Well, what kind of time 4 constraints did I impose on you? 5 6 MR. SANDLER: April 18th. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we're going to I think what we need to do is we to extend that. 8 9 identify the specific problems. You probably need 10 to make some more inquiries of the insurers that 11 you represent to see if they've got a way to obtain that information, if it's in some form 12 somewhere. And I think what we're going to have 13 to do is we're going to have to deal with each of 14 15 them individually, and that raises the question 16 that I had again before, is involvement of other counsel. I suppose we could set up a meeting or 17 maybe a telephone conference, maybe get some of 18 19 this information in advance as far as what your particular problems are, what kind of time frames 20 21 you're looking at, et cetera, and get that 22 disseminated to everyone and then maybe sit down 23 and talk about it. And, of course, I mean, you could talk about it, too, with Lon, Monte and 24 25 Steve, but I think we need to do that. And then

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1 if anybody else wants to participate.

I mean, the only problem is we may -- how 2 3 we deal with that may effect how we deal with others, but I think we're going to end up dealing 4 with each of these individual situations on an 5 6 individual basis. And I remember, Rick, you filed an 7 affidavit at the time that David or Todd, I don't 8 9 remember, was it you, David, or did Todd --10 MR. SANDLER: Both of us, yeah. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Anyway, when you filed the objections that I overruled, there was an 12 affidavit in there. And I don't know, you may 13 want to supplement it. But it sounds to me like 14 15 we need to talk with Lon, Monte and Steve and 16 figure out how we're going to -- what steps we 17 need to take to get that information. 18 MR. DAVENPORT: As I recall in my 19 affidavit, we have done some initial surveys with some of the clients we've had for an extended 20 21 period of time to identify, just ballpark numbers, you know, for some of them. But again, those are 22 23 the ones that we've had since '90 or '91 that we have the data on and all the files, so yeah. 24 25 THE COURT: We may need to supplement

1	that information. Why don't you get as much
2	information as you can and get it to the FFR
3	attorneys and then let's schedule something and
4	talk about it.
5	Lon, Monte or Steve, do you see a better
б	way of handling that other than to get the
7	information and sitting down and trying to
8	brainstorm it?
9	MR. BECK: I don't see any other
10	alternative except trying to impose dates is
11	probably the better way to go rather than
12	open-ended.
13	THE COURT: Yeah. How much time will it
14	take you to get more information?
14 15	take you to get more information? MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply
15	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply
15 16	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken
15 16 17	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but
15 16 17 18	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but not a specific breakdown as to individual payments
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15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but not a specific breakdown as to individual payments for a good portion of our clients, relatively by the 18th or the 25th of April. So we'd have the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but not a specific breakdown as to individual payments for a good portion of our clients, relatively by the 18th or the 25th of April. So we'd have the base computer information, we can supply that.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but not a specific breakdown as to individual payments for a good portion of our clients, relatively by the 18th or the 25th of April. So we'd have the base computer information, we can supply that. But in terms of the details of the files,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. DAVENPORT: I can probably supply some real rough data. Again, it won't be broken down. I mean, it would be names and numbers, but not a specific breakdown as to individual payments for a good portion of our clients, relatively by the 18th or the 25th of April. So we'd have the base computer information, we can supply that. But in terms of the details of the files, obviously, that's probably going to be a

1 be important to include that with Flynn so we don't just start the whole thing over again, 2 3 because while ours is going to be somewhat of a 4 larger group, I think he's just described the same problem that they're going to run into with ours 5 6 and we would probably serve ourselves well to just 7 do the larger group to begin with realizing that 8 the Rausch matter is going to be winnowed down a 9 little bit from that, but not to start in the fall 10 trying to do Flynn and Miller. THE COURT: You mean, have them tailor 11 12 whatever they're looking for to make sure that you've got the Flynn information in there, too? 13 14 MR. PALMER: That's what I'm thinking. 15 THE COURT: We could certainly do that. 16 I'm not sure exactly how we're going to work that. 17 MR. DAVENPORT: We could run a query to 18 be able to identify claimants where there's been a 19 rate change. I mean, you know, certainly since 2001 it's a possibility. But, you know, prior to 20 21 that time -- I think it's possible. I've got my 22 IT person here that's kicking me in the shin like 23 with promises, but --

THE COURT: Well, we may need your IT person, too, at some point. And the other problem

is, Flynn isn't as far along and we may have some 1 2 other issues in Flynn because we haven't got 3 formal responses from any of the insurers. I mean, Ruhd and Rausch is a little bit unique 4 because we've got a specific determination from 5 6 the Supreme Court that says, This is a common 7 fund, and I have to enforce it, so we're going gung ho on Rausch. The other stuff, we may have 8 9 some -- you know, I think some of the insurers are 10 going to agree common fund applies and we're going 11 to do it, others may not and we may have legal 12 issues that we have to take up. So imposing that 13 sort of -- imposing it as a requirement that they 14 15 provide the Flynn information at this period of 16 time is probably a little bit premature. But insofar as insurers want to avoid duplicating 17 18 efforts and can basically compile that information 19 and you can get them to do it, I think that's probably a good idea. 20 21 MR. PALMER: Which probably raises one of 22 the other points on your agenda here, which is 23 establishing some kind of time frames for the insurers and the affected parties to raise their 24 25 issues so that we don't go through this and then

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have this exact same three sentences you just did
 come up again next October and then the next
 October.

THE COURT: Okay. The issues that I was 4 talking about before that I asked if there were 5 6 any out there and was greeted by silence had to do 7 with Ruhd and Rausch. And these other cases, we are going to have deadlines because we're going to 8 9 have summonses and they're going to have to 10 respond. Like in Flynn, the summonses will go out 11 and they'll have to respond. So if they have legal objections to the court proceeding and to 12 the application of the common fund doctrine, then 13 they're going to have to file that in their 14 15 response and then I'll have to deal with it at 16 that point in time. 17 But do we want to set a deadline in this 18 case for the insurers to raise any legal issues as

far as the implementation of Ruhd and Rausch? I mean, right now, the insurers that have replied, the only ones that have raised objections was --David raised objections for the insurers he represents and Wayne has raised objections. Other than that, nobody has objected. There are still a few floating out there and they'll have to

1 raise it. But I suppose once we get the ones in that haven't replied yet, that ignored the 2 3 original summons, we'll know. They'll have to be raised in those, in those responses. So I think 4 we're covered. I think we've got it covered. 5 6 MR. PALMER: So if some insurer appears 7 and simply provides the information, then that 8 makes it real easy. 9 THE COURT: Right. 10 MR. PALMER: If they appear and just say, We're looking for the information, then are you 11 12 suggesting that their time is running out right then because by virtue of them not saying we're 13 going to object to retroactivity, we're going to 14 object to scope, we're going to object to how he, 15 16 in fact, is deceased, you know, if they don't raise those at that juncture, that some time frame 17 18 will be running out, and that's my concern, is 19 that perhaps if there isn't some time frame running by virtue of their service, then when does 20 21 it start to run? THE COURT: Well, in the Flynn and those 22 23 other cases, we could make that express in the summons, and I think I did. I think the way I 24 25 drafted the summons was that they had to lay out 26

any objections that they had or forever hold their
 peace type of thing, but we'll look at that.
 MR. PALMER: Well, we're on the same
 wavelength.
 THE COURT: I think so.
 Okay. Well, Rick, why don't you try

7 to -- and David -- why don't you see what you can put together by the April 18th date insofar as the 8 9 information you've accumulated, the additional 10 problems that you face. And maybe if you can -but if different insurers have different problems, 11 12 identify what those different problems are and put that in your response, along with a statement as 13 to what additional time you need and what 14 15 additional stuff that you would have to do type of 16 thing and put that in by April 18th, if you could possibly do that. And then after that, we'll give 17 18 the FFR attorneys a chance to digest it and then 19 we can talk about where we go.

I mean, the problem is, if you got 25,000 files and you have to hand review them, we ought to be talking about alternatives to doing that, such as a mailing, which is going to be expensive but maybe better than doing 25,000 file reviews, but it's something that we need to talk about.

Okay. All right, Tom Marra, you had
 a question.

3	MR. MARRA: I was just going to comment
4	that one of my clients, Target, is in the same
5	situation as K-Mart is. They just got the second
6	summons. They didn't even know the first summons
7	existed. So I don't think that there are very
8	many cases, but I've let them know what it is they
9	need to find and they're looking for it. And your
10	paragraph 5 in your second summons is where I was
11	going to go if I needed to in the event that the
12	information couldn't be obtained by April 18th.
13	THE COURT: Okay. That was that if you
14	need more time, you can ask for it?
15	MR. MARRA: Correct.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Who is your client?
17	MR. MARRA: Target. And I think
18	St. Paul Travelers thinks they can have the
19	information available by the 18th. And again, if
20	it's not, I would follow, adhere to paragraph 5.
21	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Anybody
22	else have a problem?
23	MR. DALE: Your Honor, just to follow up,
24	Lon Dale. On the TPA situation, how do they
25	interface their information with the Department of
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1 Labor and Mark's statistical information? Wouldn't that be of assistance for them in 2 3 implementing their review process? THE COURT: Well, I think they have that 4 information, don't they? 5 6 MR. DALE: I don't know, that's the 7 question. 8 THE COURT: Mark? 9 MR. CADWALLADER: Mark Cadwallader. 10 Many insurers had their third-party administrators supply information to the workers' compensation 11 12 database system. Whether they all do or all do a good job of reporting that, I don't know. There 13 is a problem, also, pre-database information that 14 15 keeps information on claims that were outstanding 16 at the time the database system came up and we started gathering the data. 17 MR. DAVENPORT: Yeah, what Mark is 18 19 referring to is when the SROIs went online, then everybody was on equal footing. But prior to that 20 21 time, even before the SROIs came about, there was 22 no consistency in how the various TPAs did it. 23 Now, it's easy, it's just done on online, but I don't know how reliable that data would be. 24 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we had them do 25

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a run on the data and they kicked out all of the 1 permanently totally disabled claimants. And if 2 3 you don't have that information, we can get that to you for your clients, for the clients that you 4 are servicing. 5 6 MR. DAVENPORT: Good. 7 THE COURT: Do you know whether or not you do have it? 8 9 MR. DAVENPORT: I do not. 10 THE COURT: Why don't you check, and if you don't have it, let us know. 11 MR. DAVENPORT: I'm sure I don't. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. DAVENPORT: I would have been 15 intrigued to get it. MR. DALE: And, of course, just to follow 16 up on that, Your Honor, I mean, if they only have 17 data back to when they started doing work, 1991, I 18 19 think, is the date that he gave, then some of Mark's data predates that, I believe. 20 21 MR. CADWALLADER: We have some data for 22 claims that are prior, but my recollection is the 23 implementation we were asking for on subsequent reports of injury where there were, in fact, 24 25 payments being made at the time the system came 26
1 up.

THE COURT: That's my recollection, they 2 3 only put on open files. MR. CADWALLADER: Although, if they're 4 not open, it's likely they've probably been 5 6 settled or something happened there. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Settled case discussions. 8 9 Larry didn't want to cough up any settled 10 cases and, Lon, you wanted him to cough up the settled cases. And I guess my first question 11 about that is, are we talking about cases settled 12 13 after the Rausch decision only? 14 MR. DALE: Well, that would obviously be 15 primary because those would be covered within the decision. 16 17 MR. JONES: Your Honor, they're not common fund, if the date of injury is after the 18 date of the FFR decision. 19 20 THE COURT: No, I'm talking about just 21 settlements that occur after the date of the 22 decision, because they could contain an impairment 23 award in those settlements. 24 MR. JONES: But the date of injury 25 predates the FFR decision. 26

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THE COURT: Right.

2 MR. JONES: Those we would have to make 3 available, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So you don't have any 4 disagreement about that? 5 6 MR. JONES: No, and we may have to -- and 7 the confusion, if there was any, was caused by letter. Carrie signed it for me. No, I'm 8 9 responsible for that. I said all settled cases. 10 I don't know if any of the cases that we have identified fit in this category of date of injury 11 before FFR decision but settled after. And if 12 they are in that category, clearly we have to 13 14 divulge those.

15 The objection I have is to settled cases 16 that were settled before the date of the FFR 17 decision. I'm sorry for the confusion on that. 18 That's what I would be referring to.

19 THE COURT: Why do we need to look at 20 those?

21 MR. JONES: Your Honor, it's my 22 objection. If you want, I can give you the case 23 law and they can respond, if you want to do it 24 that way.

25 THE COURT: Go ahead, but they need to 26

1 consult just a second.

2	MR. DALE: I think what we did in the
3	State Fund situation, if I'm correct, I mean, if
4	they were represented by attorneys, we made an
5	exception for a review of those situations,
6	settled cases where there was representation,
7	didn't we?
8	MR. LUCK: No, I don't think so, Your
9	Honor. I think since Murer, we've all been under
10	the impression that settled cases, and that was
11	reaffirmed by Dempsey
12	THE COURT: Are dead.
13	MR. LUCK: prior to the decision are
14	dead. And I think Dempsey may have added
15	litigated cases to that, also. But certainly, the
16	settled cases, pre-decision, we've been going on
17	for years on the basis that they were excluded
18	from consideration.
19	THE COURT: Yeah, that was my
20	understanding.
21	MR. DALE: No. But what we did, Brad, is
22	if your cases, when you did our review, if they
23	were represented by an attorney, we didn't look at
24	them. Isn't that what we did on our review with
25	you guys?
26	

1 MR. LUCK: For settled cases? I don't 2 think so for settled cases, Lon. I think if they 3 were settled, we agreed right from the outset, 4 because that's also the way that your and the other settlements went, that they were just 5 6 excluded, regardless of representation or not. 7 MR. JONES: Your Honor, Liberty is not bound by what the State Fund did. 8 9 THE COURT: Well, I know that, but it's to your benefit. 10 MR. ROBERTS: We'll stipulate to that. 11 12 MR. JONES: And we're relying on the Murer decision. It's the third one in the 13 14 trilogy. 15 THE COURT: Right, and they were 16 following Murer, too, so --17 MR. JONES: Right. So rather than 18 discuss what the State Fund did, can we just cut to the chase, and it's the third Murer decision, 19 it's the second issue, it's crystal clear. And we 20 21 go to the Dempsey decision in paragraph 31 that Brad just referred to, the Court concluded that 22 23 the retroactive effect of a decision does not apply ab initio, that is, it does not apply to 24 25 cases that became final which could be litigated

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cases, or were settled prior to a decision's 1 2 issuance. So the law is just black-and-white on 3 this, Your Honor. 4 MR. DALE: So we'll go with the ones forward from the decision. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. PALMER: The Supreme Court decision or this Court's decision? 8 9 THE COURT: The Supreme Court decision. 10 Well, originally my decision, but the Supreme Court affirmed me on it. 11 MR. PALMER: But in the cases where it 12 went the other way, like in Murer, haven't you 13 ruled that where you were reversed at the Supreme 14 15 Court that those cases that fell in between, which 16 is like the Flynn issue, the ones that came after your erroneous decision and before the Supreme 17 Court's overruling, those, you've made a ruling, 18 19 are part of the cases that are reviewed because they were settled under the misconception that 20 21 they might not have been entitled to additional 22 benefits. I think you've ruled on that, haven't 23 you? THE COURT: So you're talking about where 24 I issue a decision and say no benefits are 25 26

entitled, they're not entitled to any benefits, 1 and then the Supreme Court comes along and 2 3 reverses me, I've said that the ones that -- the cases settled in that interim between my decision 4 and the Supreme Court decisions are fair game? 5 6 MR. PALMER: Right. Isn't that right, 7 Tom? 8 MR. LUCK: You don't want to know. 9 MR. MARTELLO: I don't remember. 10 MR. PALMER: Well, I say that because several of my clients got letters in that period 11 12 of time. It was much later and it was after a ruling and I followed up on that. It has been 13 addressed, that the people that were, shall we 14 say, misled at the lower level and settled, that 15 16 they aren't bound by that incorrect ruling. 17 THE COURT: Well, there was some stuff 18 in Murer, but that was sort of a unique situation. 19 I think there was an agreement in that case. MR. MARTELLO: Yeah, Murer was unique in 20 21 the fact that there was some representations 22 supposedly made that one of the bases was to look 23 at some selected settlements. THE COURT: Okay. 24 25 MR. MARTELLO: That's why there was that 26

1 exception.

2 THE COURT: Let's do it -- oh, Tom. 3 MR. HARRINGTON: I don't recall any cases that Rex is talking about. I do know that the 4 dates of the liens, the attorney fee liens, have 5 6 varied based on whether or not you were affirmed 7 or reversed. 8 THE COURT: Right. 9 MR. HARRINGTON: And I'm not aware of any 10 cases that have looked at the settlement issue. But I know we've used dates of reversal or 11 affirmants to guide the dates that are in the 12 attorney fees, but I'm not aware that we've 13 14 addressed it in terms of the settled cases. I've 15 just been under the impression that the settled 16 cases are out if they were settled before the 17 decision came out. THE COURT: Let's do this. Lon, you're 18 19 certainly entitled to look at the cases that are 20 settled after the Rausch decision, which is what, 21 December 2002? 22 MS. GARBER: September 5th. 23 THE COURT: September 5th. Okay. But, anyway, settled cases after that --24 25 MR. JONES: That have an injury that 26

1 predates.

2	THE COURT: Right, that's understood.
3	If, after further reflection and after
4	this hearing, you think that you're entitled to
5	look at any settlements before that date, then
6	file a motion asking the Court to make that
7	determination and cite me the case. You might
8	want to go back and look. I don't recall such a
9	case as Rex is talking about off the top of my
10	head, other than some peculiar circumstances
11	dealing with the State Fund, which wouldn't apply.
12	But if you think that it's out there and you can
13	cite me the case, then we'll revisit it.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Judge, this is Steve
15	Roberts. This is a matter of logic, what Rex is
16	saying makes total sense. If somebody is relying
17	on your decision, that's going to factor into the
18	settlement they made in the interim between your
19	decision and the Supreme Court reversal.
20	THE COURT: Well, except for the fact
21	that the common fund entitlement arises at the
22	point in time that the decision, the precedent is
23	established and that doesn't occur until the
24	appeal. It occurs in the first instance with my
25	decision, and I've said that, if that case is

affirmed, because then you've got the precedence 1 that is set, and it's merely being affirmed. 2 If 3 it's reversed, then the precedence is a Supreme Court precedence. And that's the trigger, it 4 5 seems to me. 6 But I guess what I'm telling you is, if 7 you want to argue the point with me, I need to give you that opportunity and you may have some 8 9 case support for it, so I need to consider it. So 10 you go back and regroup and talk about it, and if you want to raise it -- shall I put a deadline on 11 12 you guys, too? 13 MR. ROBERTS: On us? 14 THE COURT: Yes. A couple weeks to tell 15 me. 16 MR. ROBERTS: Yeah, a couple weeks would be fine, Your Honor. 17 18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MR. JONES: Your Honor, before we leave Ruhd, could we discuss the confidentiality 20 21 agreement? 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 MR. JONES: Lon, you had an addition, I 24 think, you wanted to make. MR. DALE: Well, Steve is going to --25 26

1 he's our additions man.

2 MR. ROBERTS: We discussed that, and I 3 think we're in agreement on that.

MR. JONES: Well, let's just make a 4 record. As I understand the FFR attorneys' 5 6 proposal, we are limiting the disclosure of what's 7 identified as confidential information. The healthcare providers and the FFR attorneys, quite 8 9 rightly, want to include rehab providers to do 10 perhaps employability assessments or a possible perm-total type issue. Liberty has no objection 11 12 to allowing the confidential information to go to rehab providers, and I did mention this to Steve, 13 but I'd like to recommend that they be CRCs and we 14 15 limit people who can receive this confidential 16 information as defined in the agreement to CRCs, 17 and at least we're in agreement on that part. But 18 I believe the FFR attorneys would rather have just 19 a more general generic designation of healthcare providers and experts, and I would object to a 20 21 phrase of experts. I want that specific type of 22 person identified.

And then I would ask that the Court grant leave to the FFR attorneys to include additional experts by just filing a motion or contacting me

first. And if we can't agree, then we could expand it, because given the nature of the issue in the Ruhd case, I believe the only relevant type of experts would be healthcare providers and rehab providers. And because we deal with CRCs in the Act, I'd like to have that level of expertise, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Well, why don't we do this: 9 Why don't we limit it to healthcare providers and 10 CRCs for the time being, and if any specific need 11 arises that you think you need to furnish that 12 information to anyone else, you can let me know 13 and we can always go back, revisit it and amend 14 the order.

MR. ROBERTS: And by healthcare providers, we're referring to nurses and --MR. JONES: Your Honor, I believe that's

18 a term of art in the Uniform Health Care
19 Provision, I believe it will cover anyone under
20 that act.

THE COURT: Yeah, actually, your interest is getting to be in getting the impairment awards from a doctor, so --

24 MR. ROBERTS: And we were thinking just 25 in reviewing the files. We would want some input.

1 MR. JONES: Yeah. Your Honor, it might be a PTD case, which the FFR attorneys think is 2 3 perm total and we would need the rehab on that. THE COURT: Yeah. I think with regard 4 to, if we go with the CRCs, then I think you need 5 6 to get a separate confidentiality agreement from 7 them. And maybe we need to put the provision in 8 there saying that, at least as to nonhealthcare 9 providers already under an obligation of 10 confidentiality, that the confidentiality agreement has to be signed by them to disclose. 11 MR. JONES: And, Your Honor, that's 12 already on our computer. If the FFR attorneys 13 agree, I can revise it along the lines you've 14 15 discussed and send it to them Monday. 16 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Have we got everything else ironed out on that? 18 19 MR. JONES: I don't have any more wrinkles, Your Honor. 20 21 THE COURT: Okay. Let's see. Oh, just 22 a matter of advice, and I probably ought to send 23 this out to everybody. When we're doing the e-mailings, when you send me anything, or I send 24 25 you something back or one of the attorneys send

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you something back and I'm copied on it, be sure 1 when you hit that e-mail button about "reply," to 2 3 reply to all so everybody who is on that list gets 4 the same message and not just the individual to whom you're specifically replying. That way, 5 6 everybody is kept in the loop. 7 Then I have -- let's see. Okay. I think we are down to some Flynn 8 9 stuff, specific Flynn stuff, the representation 10 issue. 11 I had a conference with Rex and Larry, and I don't remember who else was on that call, we 12 gave notice of it, but I don't remember who was on 13 it. But Rex indicated that he's receiving some 14 15 calls from some of the Flynn claimants in which 16 they've actually asked him to represent them, is 17 that the deal? 18 MR. PALMER: They've inquired about 19 representation, but I haven't gone there yet, the rate issues and things like that. 20 21 THE COURT: It's an issue that could 22 arise in any of these cases and I don't know, have 23 any of the FFR attorneys received similar calls? MR. BECK: We haven't talked to any of 24 25 them. They haven't called our office. 26

1 THE COURT: I guess the question is, and I don't know the answer off the top of my head, is 2 3 what does Rex do, what's his obligation in this case? Can he represent them, or is there any sort 4 of prohibition from him taking them on as clients 5 6 if they contact him as opposed to him contacting 7 them and soliciting them? Any thoughts on this? 8 MR. LUCK: Well, we had that problem in 9 Murer, but it was reversed. 10 THE COURT: Yeah, we don't have that problem here. It's where the claimants initiate 11 12 the contact. MR. LUCK: You might want to give them 13 the names of three competent workers' compensation 14 15 lawyers. 16 MR. PALMER: Are there that many? 17 MR. HARRINGTON: Your Honor, we've had 18 conversations with Rex and I think we participated in that conference call. And in our discussions 19 with him, we didn't see a problem if they were 20 21 calling him now. We can't prevent him from 22 representing them. 23 THE COURT: Do any of the insurers see a problem with it, any insurance counsel see a 24 25 problem with it? 26

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2 MR. JONES: No.

3 MR. DAVENPORT: We view that as an issue
4 between whoever the attorneys are that are
5 involved.

6 MR. PALMER: See, in our case, we are 7 going to be affirmatively contacting the claimants as we find out which ones actually retained an 8 9 attorney to get their Social Security awards or 10 retain some other representative. That's all 11 contemplated within our settlement agreement. But 12 otherwise, we'll just have the State Fund do a bunch of contact work and I think they wanted us 13 14 to do that. So we're going to be making contact 15 with them by letters that we're going to filter 16 through the State Fund.

17 Some of the attorneys have called in 18 those cases, and it's easy to contact, communicate 19 with the attorneys who are still representing those people, then I just run it through them and 20 21 it makes it simple. But when we're contacting the claimants individually, we're wanting to give 22 23 initial salvos off to the State Fund's attorneys so they can see if they have any objections. But 24 25 we will be expecting comments back or responses to

1 these requests we're sending out.

THE COURT: Yeah, and there's no problem 2 3 with that. The only problem that could arise is if you're soliciting them, which you shouldn't be 4 doing. And, you know, if in responding to you 5 6 with the information that you've requested, they 7 come back and say, We want you to represent us, I guess I don't see a problem with it. None of the 8 9 attorneys see a problem with it. If you think 10 there might be an ethical issue on it, you might get an ethics opinion. The other thing I could do 11 12 would be to chat with Professor Patterson and see if he had a feeling about it, if you want me to do 13 14 that.

15 MR. PALMER: Well, I'm open to that. 16 That's one of the reasons we've put off commenting, you know, sending out our letters to 17 any of the claimants yet, because we've gotten 18 four or five of these calls and we haven't even 19 sent anything to them from our office, it's all 20 21 from the Court. So I'm thinking that when we send out letters, that we may get a lot of people 22 23 wanting to see what other benefits --

24 MR. MURPHY: Well, there's a potential 25 attorney fee lien if this potential claimant has

1 counsel already, worked on a case to establish liability, for instance, you might have a fee lien 2 3 coming at you from that former attorney. MR. PALMER: Yeah, but we haven't run 4 into that either yet because we haven't done any 5 6 of the follow up, but we intend to do that 7 hopefully this week. 8 MR. MURPHY: Well, the ERD is pretty good 9 about policing up. If you sign up a potential 10 claimant, they won't let you come on board, they won't approve your fee agreement unless the former 11 attorney signs off on a letter or something, so 12 13 that would be a catch, you know. 14 THE COURT: The claimants probably asking 15 for representation are probably ones that aren't 16 represented. 17 MR. MURPHY: Yeah. MR. PALMER: Yeah, that's what it has 18 19 been so far. 20 THE COURT: Yeah, if they're represented, 21 then you're going to have to deal with that 22 because they're already represented and so you may 23 want to walk away. MR. PALMER: I would walk away from that 24 25 probably. 26

1 THE COURT: All right. Well, I'll give Dave Patterson a call and see if he has any 2 3 feeling about that and thinks that maybe he would 4 have an ethics opinion or something like that. But off the top of my head, I don't see a problem 5 6 and nobody else does in this room. 7 All right. The summons and the confidentiality agreement, I guess we can 8 9 postpone that a bit. We'd have to go back and 10 look at the summons. None of us were prepared to talk about that, but let's get that hammered out. 11 12 I've got that in my notes. So that brings us to Reesor and the dates 13 of the lien and the dates for affected insurers. 14 15 What's the status of -- I think we've got a 16 summons circulating in Reesor. Where are we on 17 that? 18 MR. HARRINGTON: This is Tom Harrington. 19 We sent you a letter on St. Patty's Day indicating that the broad language that you had used in your 20 21 summons seemed acceptable to us, although I think 22 there's a couple of follow-up points that we want 23 to raise. MR. LUCK: Your Honor, in looking at it 24 more closely, a couple things relate to dates and 25

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possible confusion the insurers might have when 1 2 they get that summons. And our concern is that, 3 for instance, in the summons where you talk about the scope of the claims affected, that it be 4 limited, you mentioned after July 1, 1987. And as 5 6 we were reading back through this, we felt that 7 everywhere you said July 1, 1987, you should say 8 through December 22nd, 2004, the date of the 9 decision, so it was clear to the carriers that 10 injuries after that time are not going to be affected by it. 11 THE COURT: Okay. That's certainly --12 that's not a problem. Through December, what's 13 14 the date? 15 MR. LUCK: December 22nd, 2004. And that 16 happens at both paragraph 2 and 3 of your -- of the latest draft. 17 18 The other thing was a question in 19 relation to your reference to summoning people to file up an answer, and it seems like a lot of the 20 carriers were confused about maybe what the 21 22 contents of that would be. Or you should give 23 more detail concerning it, what kind of input you 24 want, just a notice of appearance, or do you want 25 somebody to make a substantive response to the

1 allegations in the petition?

2 THE COURT: Yeah, actually, I want a3 substantive response.

4 MR. LUCK: So maybe just clarifying that and what would be included or some sort of 5 6 clarification would be a good idea. 7 THE COURT: I mean, the idea behind requiring a response is in that case we don't have 8 9 a common fund determination at the Supreme Court 10 level, so it's going to be up to me to make that decision. And if there are any defenses to the 11 12 lien claim, we want to get them out, I think, at this point. So I'll work on some language and 13 14 circulate that. 15 Shall I circulate that to everybody, 16 since we've got insurers in here who are going to be representing, or counsel who are going to be 17 18 representing insurers that are going to get involved in that case as well, I'm sure? 19 All right. I'll globally circulate it. 20 21 I think one of the problems was, I didn't get a reply from someone, one of the -- who is the 22 23 petitioner's attorney in Reesor? 24 MR. MURPHY: Me, Tom Murphy. 25 THE COURT: Maybe you didn't give me back 26

- 1 a reply. Did you look at that?

2	MR. MURPHY: Yeah, we called, we called
3	in, but we can file a formal reply, if you'd like.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Did you have problems
5	with the more generic summons that I did?
б	MR. MURPHY: No.
7	THE COURT: Okay. All right. In that
8	case, I'll put in those dates and I'll circulate
9	it globally, and I'll clarify that if they have
10	objections, they need to put them in their answer.
11	Okay. Is there anything else to talk
12	about on Reesor?
13	MR. MURPHY: In Reesor, we had submitted
14	to you a proposed summons.
15	THE COURT: Right.
16	MR. MURPHY: And then you drafted this
17	one.
18	THE COURT: Right.
19	MR. MURPHY: So we kind of felt that you
20	had considered our suggestions and that's why we
21	didn't reply after that.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. MURPHY: Because we did the first
24	draft, basically.
25	THE COURT: Right. And you had sort of
26	

drafted the summons along the lines of the Rausch
 case.

3 MR. MURPHY: Or Hiett. I think it was4 Hiett.

5 THE COURT: Was it Hiett? 6 MR. MURPHY: I'm not sure which one. 7 THE COURT: Yeah, I think it was Rausch because I think you were requesting specific 8 9 information from insurers, and I thought that was 10 a little bit premature until we know. Since we haven't certified, essentially, a class of 11 12 claimants or a common fund of claimants, we need to get past that hurdle before I require them to 13 provide that information. 14 15 MR. MURPHY: Okay. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Satterlee. I had a question about the dates of the liens and the 17 dates for the affected insurers. Does everybody 18 know what the Satterlee case involves? 19 20 MR. PALMER: No. 21 THE COURT: Basically, Satterlee is 22 challenging 710 and the retirement age in its 23 entirety, which would open up the, as I understand it, benefits for permanent totally disabled 24 25 claimants would be payable ad infinitum.

1 MR. MURPHY: Well, until they died.

2 THE COURT: Right.

3 MR. MURPHY: Not infinitum.

4 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Just in Montana,5 they can do that.

6 MR. MURPHY: I'm not sure I'm going to7 stipulate to that, though.

8 MR. LUCK: We count that as a victory.9 You've got to take the wins where you can.

10 THE COURT: Anyway, Satterlee may be a 11 bigger case than Reesor as far as its potential impact. And we decided in that case to go ahead 12 and give notice and invite all of the insurers in 13 14 the state to come in and to have their say as to 15 the issue because whatever happens is going to be 16 binding or at least -- well, it will be, it will be a sori decisis, at minimum, on the rest of the 17 insurers and could lead to a common fund claim as 18 19 well.

And I think common fund is actually -it's actually set up in the alternative as a common fund request or a class action request, so one of the two, so that's up front in the petition.

25 So we're going to do a summons to all of 26

the insurers. I guess it will actually be not 1 2 really a true summons, but a notice to appear and 3 be heard on the issues that are in that case at this point in time. I don't contemplate 4 certifying it as a class or certifying it common 5 6 fund at this point because I think the substantive 7 issues have to be resolved. And if they're resolved in favor of the petitioners in that case, 8 9 then I'll have to take the next step. If they're 10 not, then I wouldn't, although I would anticipate, if not guarantee, that that case will go to the 11 12 Supreme Court. So we want to get that moving along so that we have an answer one way or the 13 other at some time in the near future. 14 15 And I had a question about the dates. I 16 think when we had talked initially, we talked 17 about the claim going all the way back to the time 18 that the retirement age was put into the statute, 19 which I believe was in '74 or something like that. MR. MURPHY: Jim Hunt, who is in Disney 20 21 World, had filed something. I want that in the 22 record, he's at Disney World. He's contending and 23 we're contending that it starts in 1981 when the 24 benefits incorporated term age.

25 THE COURT: Does anybody see any harm in 26

giving notice to insurers going back to 1981 who 1 2 appear on the substantive issues? One of the 3 problems in the case is, I think we've got claims only going back to '91 or '93. And in light of 4 the Reesor case, and what they talked about about 5 6 the change in the way retirement was done, that 7 there might be an argument that earlier periods of time are different for people-protection purposes 8 9 than the time periods that we were dealing with in 10 Reesor. But I don't know as I see any harm in allowing, in giving an opportunity to insurers to 11 12 appear and argue the merits of that case. It will establish a precedent, at least for that period of 13 time, and it may establish a precedent for the 14 15 prior periods of times as well, based on what they 16 say about it. 17 Does anybody see a problem with giving 18 notice back to '81? 19 Okay. We'll do it. We're still working on that summons? I sent out a draft, didn't I? 20 21 MR. MURPHY: You sent out a draft. Both Jim and I have communicated with the Court that 22 23 we're fine with it, and I think Brad has, too. THE COURT: Okay. If that's the case, 24 then we're ready to roll with the summons. 25 26

1	MR. HERINGER: Haven't you guys
2	incorporated some changes, though? I mean, my
3	understanding, unless I missed something, is you
4	had a summons and, Brad, you guys came back and
5	said you had some changes. And is that the
б	agreed-upon one, the one with the changes? Is
7	that the last thing
8	MR. LUCK: Here's our historian.
9	MR. HARRINGTON: Actually, what happened
10	is in Hiett, we had developed a pretty detailed
11	summons that we were going to send out that listed
12	the issues we talked about during our in-person
13	conference. We sent that to Tom Murphy and Jim
14	Hunt. They fashioned their summons and notice to
15	appear based on that detailed Hiett summons, which
16	you hand revised and turned into a blanket summons
17	that had pretty broad, general language.
18	So while Tom and Jim and Brad and I were
19	working through those issues, we were recommending
20	that Tom Murphy make changes to his summons in
21	Reesor. I think that's the letter that Mike
22	Heringer is talking about. And then after we
23	exchanged that letter with Tom Murphy, you then
24	changed the Reesor summons and turned that one
25	into a more broad summons.

1 So, really, all those issues have kind of been swept aside and we're looking at just a broad 2 3 summons that we -- we sent you a letter on March 17th on Reesor and Satterlee saying they 4 seemed generally okay to us. 5 6 THE COURT: You worked on March 17th? 7 MR. HARRINGTON: I know it should be a recognized state holiday. 8 9 MR. MURPHY: That's true. 10 THE COURT: Well, why don't I do this: On both Satterlee and Reesor, let me send out that 11 12 summons to everybody again. And I'll put a deadline on it of probably about five days, that 13 14 if you object to it, let me know what your 15 objections are and I'll take them. If you don't, 16 we'll just roll it out and we'll send them out. 17 MR. LUCK: And just for purposes of making sure ALPS understands, we've audited 18 everything he did on March 17th, including his 19 response to the Court. 20 21 MR. HARRINGTON: All my work was done on 22 by noon on that day. 23 THE COURT: Brad realizes, of course, that while they make e-mails and what he says in 24 25 e-mails may not be part of the record, this does. 26

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1 MR. HARRINGTON: I hope he understands 2 it. 3 THE COURT: Okay. That pretty much exhausts the itinerary that I have and probably 4 just flat out exhausts me. 5 6 Has anybody got anything else they want 7 to take up, just in general or anything they want to talk about at this point? 8 9 MR. DAVENPORT: I do have a question. 10 THE COURT: Okay. MR. DAVENPORT: With all due respect to 11 12 Larry Jones, while you're taking a tack on Rausch and Reesor with Liberty, are we setting precedent 13 14 here that from this point forward, the FFR 15 attorneys are going to expect the same kind of 16 thing versus us providing them with detailed 17 information regarding the claim without actually 18 giving them the claim to look at? THE COURT: I think the rule that we were 19 talking about before is if you have identified 20 21 claimants who are entitled to benefits, that you 22 ought to go ahead and pay them. Insofar as we 23 haven't identified and we're trying to do that, then we need to work together to do that. And I'd 24 25 rather -- I want that to be by a cooperative

1 effort. I want to avoid, to the extent as possible, the "I do it this way" and then come 2 3 back and say, Well, you did it wrong and we want 4 you to redo it or we want to change the process or something like that. 5 6 So insofar as we have identification 7 problems and identifying them and process problems 8 about what do we do when we've identified them if 9 they don't have an impairment award, those sorts 10 of issues, I want to try to do that on a cooperative effort that involves everybody and we 11 12 all agree on how to do it so that we only have to 13 do it once. 14 MR. DAVENPORT: All I was asking is if we had to do it the same way that Liberty is doing 15 16 it, because I'm not sure my clients would be as interested in saying, Here's the files as opposed 17 18 to working cooperatively to provide the 19 information on a case-by-case basis. THE COURT: Yeah. Well, Larry is going 20 21 to have to go back through the files and he's 22 going to look at them and identify people, so --23 MR. JONES: Your Honor, I believe what Rick is saying is that his clients may not like 24 25 the procedure Liberty has adopted and may want to 26

1 do what the State Fund has historically done.

THE COURT: Oh, you mean just take off on 2 3 their own and do it? MR. JONES: Yes. 4 5 THE COURT: You're always free to do 6 that. I mean, no, don't let me stop you. Anybody 7 who has the capacity to identify them, and we've already required that they be identified, so they 8 9 don't need to wait for the Court to do that. 10 The problem that the Court is going to address is going to be those cases where there's 11 difficulties in the identification or there's 12 controversies as to whether payment should be 13 made, that sort of thing. Does that make it 14 15 clear? 16 So, Rick is going to be --Okay. Anybody else have any parting 17 18 remarks? 19 MR. JONES: Thank you, Judge. THE COURT: Okay. Well, thank you all 20 21 for coming. And I'm sorry to do this to you on a 22 Friday afternoon. 23 (Whereupon, the conference was concluded 24 at 3:57 p.m.) 25 26

1 CERTIFICATE 2 STATE OF MONTANA ) ) ss. 3 COUNTY OF LEWIS & CLARK) 4 5 I, YVONNE MADSEN, RPR, CSR, Freelance 6 Court Reporter and Notary Public in and for the 7 County of Lewis and Clark, State of Montana, do 8 hereby certify: 9 That the foregoing matter was taken before me at the time and place herein named; that 10 11 the proceedings were reported and transcribed by 12 me with a computer-aided transcription system, and 13 that the foregoing pages contain a true record of 14 the proceedings to the best of my ability. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set 15 16 my hand and affixed my notarial seal on this 17 6th day of April, 2005. 18 19 Yvonne Madsen, RPR, CSR Freelance Court Reporter 20 Notary Public, State of Montana Residing in Helena, Montana. 21 My Commission expires: 8/6/2006 22 23 24 25